



A search for high-mass resonances decaying to $\tau^+\tau^-$ in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV with the ATLAS detector[☆]

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ABSTRACT

This Letter presents a search for high-mass resonances decaying into $\tau^+\tau^-$ final states using proton-proton collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV produced by the Large Hadron Collider. The data were recorded with the ATLAS detector and correspond to an integrated luminosity of 4.6 fb^{-1} . No statistically significant excess above the Standard Model expectation is observed; 95% credibility upper limits are set on the cross section times branching fraction of Z' resonances decaying into $\tau^+\tau^-$ pairs as a function of the resonance mass. As a result, Z' bosons of the Sequential Standard Model with masses less than 1.40 TeV are excluded at 95% credibility.

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1. Introduction

Many extensions of the Standard Model (SM), motivated by grand unification, predict additional heavy gauge bosons [1–6]. As lepton universality is not necessarily a requirement for these new gauge bosons, it is essential to search in all decay modes. In particular, some models with extended weak or hypercharge gauge groups that offer an explanation for the high mass of the top quark predict that such bosons preferentially couple to third-generation fermions [7].

This Letter presents the first search for high-mass resonances decaying into $\tau^+\tau^-$ pairs using the ATLAS detector [8]. The Sequential Standard Model (SSM) is a benchmark model that contains a heavy neutral gauge boson, Z'_{SSM} , with the same couplings to fermions as the Z boson of the SM. This model is used to optimise the event selection of the search; limits on the cross section times $\tau^+\tau^-$ branching fraction of a generic neutral resonance are reported.

Direct searches for high-mass ditau resonances have been performed previously by the CDF [9] and CMS [10] collaborations. The latter search sets the most stringent 95% confidence level limits and excludes Z'_{SSM} masses below 1.4 TeV, with an expected limit of 1.1 TeV, using 4.9 fb^{-1} of integrated luminosity at $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV. Indirect limits on Z' bosons with non-universal flavour couplings have been set using measurements from LEP and LEP II [11] and

translate to a lower bound on the Z' mass of 1.09 TeV. For comparison, the most stringent limits on Z'_{SSM} in the dielectron and dimuon decay channels combined are 2.2 TeV from ATLAS [12] and 2.3 TeV from CMS [13].

Tau leptons can decay into a charged lepton and two neutrinos ($\tau_{\text{lep}} = \tau_e$ or τ_μ), or hadronically (τ_{had}), predominantly into one or three charged pions, a neutrino and often additional neutral pions. The $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ (branching ratio, BR = 42%), $\tau_\mu\tau_{\text{had}}$ (BR = 23%), $\tau_e\tau_{\text{had}}$ (BR = 23%) and $\tau_e\tau_\mu$ (BR = 6%) channels are analysed. Due to the different dominant background contributions and signal sensitivities, each channel is analysed separately and a statistical combination is used to maximise the sensitivity.

While the expected natural width of the Z'_{SSM} is small, approximately 3% of the Z' mass, the mass resolution is 30–50% in $\tau^+\tau^-$ decay modes due to the undetected neutrinos from the tau decays. Therefore, a counting experiment is performed in all analysis channels from events that pass a high-mass requirement.

2. Event samples

The data used in this search were recorded with the ATLAS detector in proton–proton (pp) collisions at a centre-of-mass energy of $\sqrt{s} = 7$ TeV during the 2011 run of the Large Hadron Collider (LHC) [14]. The ATLAS detector consists of an inner tracking detector surrounded by a thin superconducting solenoid, electromagnetic (EM) and hadronic calorimeters, and a muon spectrometer incorporating large superconducting toroid magnets. Each subdetector is divided into barrel and end-cap components.

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Only data taken with pp collisions in stable beam conditions and with all ATLAS subsystems operational are used, resulting in an integrated luminosity of 4.6 fb^{-1} . The data were collected using a combination of single-tau and ditau triggers, designed to select hadronic tau decays, and single-lepton triggers. The $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ channel uses events passing either a ditau trigger with transverse energy (E_T) thresholds of 20 and 29 GeV, or a single-tau trigger with an E_T threshold of 125 GeV. The $\tau_\mu\tau_{\text{had}}$ and $\tau_e\tau_\mu$ channels use events passing a single-muon trigger with a transverse momentum (p_T) threshold of 18 GeV, which is supplemented by accepting events that pass a single-muon trigger with a p_T threshold of 40 GeV that operates only in the barrel region but does not require a matching inner detector track. The $\tau_e\tau_{\text{had}}$ channel uses events passing a single-electron trigger with p_T thresholds in the range 20–22 GeV, depending on the data-taking period. Events that pass the trigger are selected if the vertex with the largest sum of the squared track momenta has at least four associated tracks, each with $p_T > 0.5 \text{ GeV}$.

Monte Carlo (MC) simulation is used to estimate signal efficiencies and some background contributions. MC samples of background processes from $W + \text{jets}$ and $Z/\gamma^* + \text{jets}$ (enriched in high-mass $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$) events are generated with ALPGEN 2.13 [15], including up to five additional partons. Samples of $t\bar{t}$, Wt and diboson (WW , WZ , and ZZ) events are generated with MC@NLO 4.01 [16,17]. For these MC samples, the parton showering and hadronisation is performed by HERWIG 6.520 [18] interfaced to JIMMY 4.31 [19] for multiple parton interactions. Samples of s -channel and t -channel single top-quark production are generated with AcerMC 3.8 [20], with the parton showering and hadronisation performed by PYTHIA 6.425 [21]. Samples of Z'_{SSM} signal events are generated with PYTHIA 6.425, for eleven mass hypotheses ranging from 500 to 1750 GeV in steps of 125 GeV. In all samples photon radiation is performed by PHOTOS [22], and tau lepton decays are generated with TAUOLA [23]. The choice of parton distribution functions (PDFs) depends on the generator: CTEQ6L1 [24] is used with ALPGEN, CT10 [25] with MC@NLO and MRST2007 LO* [26] with PYTHIA and AcerMC.

The Z/γ^* cross section calculated at next-to-next-to-leading order (NNLO) using PHOZPR [27] with MSTW2008 PDFs [28] is used to derive mass-dependent K -factors that are applied to the leading order $Z/\gamma^* + \text{jets}$ and $Z' \rightarrow \tau\tau$ cross sections. The $W + \text{jets}$ cross section is calculated at NNLO using FEWZ 2.0 [29,30]. The $t\bar{t}$ cross section is calculated at approximate NNLO [31–33]. The cross sections for single-top production are calculated at next-to-next-to-leading logarithm for the s -channel [34] and approximate NNLO for t -channel and Wt production modes [35].

The detector response for each MC sample is simulated using a detailed GEANT4 [36] model of the ATLAS detector and subdetector-specific digitisation algorithms [37]. As the data are affected by the detector response to multiple pp interactions occurring in the same or in neighbouring bunch crossings (referred to as pile-up), minimum-bias interactions generated with PYTHIA 6.425 (with a specific LHC tune [38]) are overlaid on the generated signal and background events. The resulting events are re-weighted so that the distribution of the number of minimum-bias interactions per bunch crossing agrees with data. All samples are simulated with more than twice the effective luminosity of the data, except $W + \text{jets}$, where an equivalent of approximately 1.5 fb^{-1} is simulated.

3. Physics object reconstruction

Muon candidates are reconstructed by combining an inner detector track with a track from the muon spectrometer. They are

required to have $p_T > 10 \text{ GeV}$ and $|\eta| < 2.5$.¹ Muon quality criteria are applied in order to achieve a precise measurement of the muon momentum and reduce the misidentification rate [39]. These quality requirements correspond to a muon reconstruction and identification efficiency of approximately 95%.

Electrons are reconstructed by matching clustered energy deposits in the EM calorimeter to tracks reconstructed in the inner detector [40]. The electron candidates are required to have $p_T > 15 \text{ GeV}$ and to be within the fiducial volume of the inner detector, $|\eta| < 2.47$. The transition region between the barrel and end-cap EM calorimeters, with $1.37 < |\eta| < 1.52$, is excluded. The candidates are required to pass quality criteria based on the expected calorimeter shower shape and amount of radiation in the transition radiation tracker. These quality requirements correspond to an electron identification (ID) efficiency of approximately 90%. Electrons and muons are considered isolated if they are away from large deposits of energy in the calorimeter, or tracks with large p_T consistent with originating from the same vertex.² In the $\tau_e\tau_{\text{had}}$ channel, isolated electrons are also required to pass a tighter identification requirement corresponding to an efficiency of approximately 80%.

Jets are reconstructed using the anti- k_t algorithm [41,42] with a radius parameter value of 0.4. The algorithm uses reconstructed, noise-suppressed clusters of calorimeter cells [43]. Jets are calibrated to the hadronic energy scale with correction factors based on simulation and validated using test-beam and collision data [44]. All jets are required to have $p_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$ and $|\eta| < 4.5$. For jets within the inner detector acceptance ($|\eta| < 2.4$), the jet vertex fraction is required to be at least 0.75; the jet vertex fraction is defined as the sum of the p_T of tracks associated with the jet and consistent with originating from the selected primary vertex, divided by the sum of the p_T of all tracks associated with the jet. This requirement reduces the number of jets that originate from pile-up or are heavily contaminated by it. Events are discarded if a jet is associated with out-of-time activity or calorimeter noise [45].

Candidates for hadronic tau decays are defined as jets with either one or three associated tracks reconstructed in the inner detector. The kinematic properties of the tau candidate are reconstructed from the visible tau lepton decay products (all products excluding neutrinos). The tau charge is reconstructed from the sum of the charges of the associated tracks and is required to be ± 1 . The charge misidentification probability is found to be negligible. Hadronic tau decays are identified with a multivariate algorithm that employs boosted decision trees (BDTs) to discriminate against quark- and gluon-initiated jets using shower shape and tracking information [46]. Working points with a tau identification efficiency of about 50% (medium) for the $\tau_\mu\tau_{\text{had}}$ and $\tau_e\tau_{\text{had}}$ channels and 60% (loose) for the $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ channel are chosen, leading to a rate of false identification for quark- and gluon-initiated jets of a few percent [47]. Tau candidates are also required to have $p_T > 35 \text{ GeV}$ and to be in the fiducial volume of the inner detector, $|\eta| < 2.47$.

¹ ATLAS uses a right-handed coordinate system with its origin at the nominal interaction point (IP) in the centre of the detector and the z -axis along the beam pipe. The x -axis points from the IP to the centre of the LHC ring, and the y -axis points upward. Cylindrical coordinates (r, ϕ) are used in the transverse plane, ϕ being the azimuthal angle around the beam pipe. The pseudorapidity is defined in terms of the polar angle θ as $\eta = -\ln \tan(\theta/2)$. Separation in the η - ϕ plane is defined as $\Delta R = \sqrt{(\Delta\eta)^2 + (\Delta\phi)^2}$.

² Lepton isolation is defined using the sum of the E_T deposited in calorimeter cells within $\Delta R < 0.2$ of the lepton, $E_T^{0.2}$, and the scalar sum of the p_T of tracks with $p_T > 0.5 \text{ GeV}$ consistent with the same vertex as the lepton and within $\Delta R < 0.4$, $p_T^{0.4}$. Muons are considered isolated if they have $E_T^{0.2}/p_T < 4\%$ (and $p_T^{0.4}/p_T < 6\%$ in the $\tau_e\tau_\mu$ channel). Isolated electrons must have $p_T^{0.4}/p_T < 5\%$ and $E_T^{0.2}/p_T < 5\%$ if $p_T < 100 \text{ GeV}$ or $E_T^{0.2} < 5 \text{ GeV}$ otherwise ($E_T^{0.2}/p_T < 6\%$ and $p_T^{0.4}/p_T < 8\%$ in the $\tau_e\tau_\mu$ channel).

(the EM calorimeter transition region is excluded). In the $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ channels, tau candidates are required to have only one track, which must not be in the range $|\eta| < 0.05$, and to pass a muon veto. The removed pseudorapidity region corresponds to a gap in the transition radiation tracker that reduces the power of electron/pion discrimination. In the $\tau_e\tau_{\text{had}}$ channel, tau candidates are also required to pass an electron veto using BDTs.

Geometric overlap of objects with $\Delta R < 0.2$ is resolved by selecting only one of the overlapping objects in the following order of priority: muons, electrons, tau candidates and jets. The missing transverse momentum (with magnitude $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$) is calculated from the vector sum of the transverse momenta of all high- p_{T} objects reconstructed in the event, as well as a term for the remaining activity in the calorimeter [48]. Clusters associated with electrons, hadronic tau decays and jets are calibrated separately, with the remaining clusters calibrated at the EM energy scale.

4. Event selection

Selected events in the $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ channel must contain at least two oppositely-charged tau candidates with $p_{\text{T}} > 50$ GeV and no electrons with $p_{\text{T}} > 15$ GeV or muons with $p_{\text{T}} > 10$ GeV. If the event was selected by the ditau trigger, both tau candidates are required to be geometrically matched to the objects that passed the trigger. For events that pass only the single-tau trigger there is no ambiguity, so trigger matching is not required. If multiple tau candidates are selected, the two highest- p_{T} candidates are chosen. The angle between the tau candidates in the transverse plane must be greater than 2.7 radians.

Selected events in the $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ channels must contain exactly one isolated muon with $p_{\text{T}} > 25$ GeV or an isolated electron with $p_{\text{T}} > 30$ GeV; no additional electrons with $p_{\text{T}} > 15$ GeV or muons with $p_{\text{T}} > 4$ GeV; and exactly one tau candidate with $p_{\text{T}} > 35$ GeV. The angle between the lepton and tau candidate in the transverse plane must be greater than 2.7 radians, and the pair must have opposite electric charge.

For the $\tau_e\tau_{\text{had}}$ channel, the $Z \rightarrow ee$ and multijet contributions are reduced to a negligible level by requiring $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}} > 30$ GeV. The $W + \text{jets}$ background is suppressed by requiring the transverse mass, m_{T} , of the electron- $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$ system, defined as

$$m_{\text{T}} = \sqrt{2p_{\text{T}} E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}} (1 - \cos \Delta\phi)}, \quad (1)$$

where $\Delta\phi$ is the angle between the lepton and $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$ in the transverse plane, to be less than 50 GeV.

Selected events in the $\tau_e\tau_{\mu}$ channel must contain exactly one isolated muon with $p_{\text{T}} > 25$ GeV and one isolated electron with $p_{\text{T}} > 35$ GeV and opposite electric charge, no additional electrons with $p_{\text{T}} > 15$ GeV or muons with $p_{\text{T}} > 10$ GeV and not more than one jet. The jet requirement suppresses $t\bar{t}$ events, which typically have higher jet multiplicity than the signal. The two leptons are required to be back-to-back in the transverse plane using the criterion $p_{\zeta}^{\text{vis}} < 10$ GeV, with

$$p_{\zeta}^{\text{vis}} = \vec{p}_{\text{T}\mu} \cdot \hat{\zeta} + \vec{p}_{\text{T}\mu} \cdot \hat{\zeta}, \quad (2)$$

where $\hat{\zeta}$ is a unit vector along the bisector of the e and μ momenta. This selection provides good suppression of the diboson and $t\bar{t}$ backgrounds. For Z' events, the $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$ tends to point away from the highest- p_{T} lepton, so the angle between the highest- p_{T} lepton and $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$ in the transverse plane is required to be greater than 2.6 radians.

The search in all channels is performed by counting events in signal regions with *total transverse mass* above thresholds optimised separately for each signal mass hypothesis in each channel

Table 1

Thresholds on $m_{\text{T}}^{\text{tot}}$ used for each signal mass point in each channel. All values are given in GeV.

$m_{Z'}$	500	625	750	875	1000	1125	≥ 1250
$\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$	350	400	500	500	650	650	700
$\tau_{\mu}\tau_{\text{had}}$	400	400	500	500	600	600	600
$\tau_e\tau_{\text{had}}$	400	400	400	500	500	500	500
$\tau_e\tau_{\mu}$	300	350	350	350	500	500	500

to give the best expected exclusion limits (see Table 1). The total transverse mass, $m_{\text{T}}^{\text{tot}}$, is defined as the mass of the visible decay products of both tau leptons and $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$, neglecting longitudinal momentum components and the tau lepton mass,

$$m_{\text{T}}^{\text{tot}} = \sqrt{2p_{\text{T}1}p_{\text{T}2}C + 2E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}p_{\text{T}1}C_1 + 2E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}p_{\text{T}2}C_2}, \quad (3)$$

where $p_{\text{T}1}$ and $p_{\text{T}2}$ are the transverse momenta of the visible products of the two tau decays; C is defined as $1 - \cos \Delta\phi$, where $\Delta\phi$ is the angle in the transverse plane between the visible products of the two tau decays; and C_1 and C_2 are defined analogously for the angles in the transverse plane between $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$ and the visible products of the first and second tau decay, respectively. Figs. 1(a)–1(d) show the $m_{\text{T}}^{\text{tot}}$ distribution after event selection in each channel.

5. Background estimation

The dominant background processes in the $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ channel are multijet production and $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$. Minor contributions come from $W(\rightarrow \tau\nu) + \text{jets}$, $Z(\rightarrow \ell\ell) + \text{jets}$ ($\ell = e$ or μ), $W(\rightarrow \ell\nu) + \text{jets}$, $t\bar{t}$, single top-quark and diboson production. The shape of the multijet mass distribution is estimated from data that pass the full event selection but have two tau candidates of the same electric charge. The contribution is normalised to events that pass the full event selection but have low $m_{\text{T}}^{\text{tot}}$. All other background contributions are estimated from simulation.

The main background contributions in the $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ channels come from $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$, $W + \text{jets}$, $t\bar{t}$ and diboson production, with minor contributions from $Z(\rightarrow \ell\ell) + \text{jets}$, multijet and single top-quark events. The contributions involving fake hadronic tau decays from multijet and $W + \text{jets}$ events are modelled with data-driven techniques involving *fake factors*, which parameterise the rate for lepton candidates in jets to pass lepton isolation or jets to pass tau identification, respectively. The remaining background is estimated using simulation.

The dominant background processes in the $\tau_e\tau_{\mu}$ channel are $t\bar{t}$, $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$ and diboson production. Contributions from processes such as $Z(\rightarrow \mu\mu) + \text{jets}$, $W + \text{jets}$ and $W\gamma + \text{jets}$, where a jet or photon is misidentified as an electron, are very small in the signal region. Multijet events are suppressed by tight lepton isolation criteria. Since background processes involving fake leptons make only minor contributions, all background contributions in the $\tau_e\tau_{\mu}$ channel are estimated using simulation. The MC estimates of the dominant background contributions are checked using high-purity control regions in data.

The following subsections describe the data-driven background estimates in more detail.

5.1. Multijet background in the $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ channel

The shape of the $m_{\text{T}}^{\text{tot}}$ distribution for the multijet background is estimated using events that pass the standard event selection, but have two selected τ_{had} candidates with the same electric charge and with $m_{\text{T}}^{\text{tot}} > 200$ GeV to avoid the low $m_{\text{T}}^{\text{tot}}$ region which is affected by the tau p_{T} threshold. For a low-mass signal with $m_{Z'} \leq 625$ GeV, a lower bound of 160 GeV is used, as

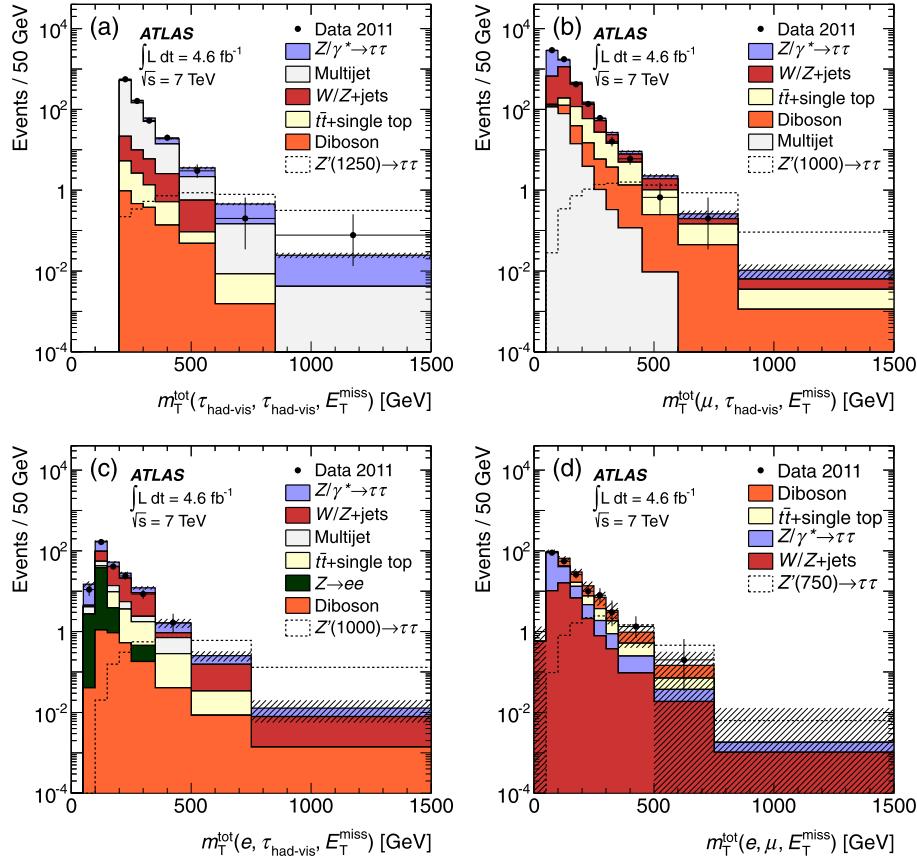


Fig. 1. The m_T^{tot} distribution after event selection without the m_T^{tot} requirement for each channel: (a) $\tau_{\text{had}} \tau_{\text{had}}$, (b) $\tau_\mu \tau_{\text{had}}$, (c) $\tau_e \tau_{\text{had}}$ and (d) $\tau_e \tau_\mu$. The estimated contributions from SM processes are stacked and appear in the same order as in the legend. The contribution from $Z \rightarrow ee$ events in which an electron is misidentified as a tau candidate is shown separately in the $\tau_e \tau_{\text{had}}$ channel. A Z'_SSM signal and the events observed in data are overlaid. The signal mass point closest to the Z'_SSM exclusion limit in each channel is chosen and is indicated in parentheses in the legend in units of GeV. The uncertainty on the total estimated background (hatched) includes only the statistical uncertainty from the simulated samples. The visible decay products of hadronically decaying taus are denoted by $\tau_{\text{had-vis}}$.

discussed below. This control region has only 2% contamination from other background processes and negligible signal contamination. The m_T^{tot} distribution is modelled by performing an unbinned maximum likelihood fit to the data in the control region using the following function:

$$f(m_T^{\text{tot}} | p_0, p_1, p_2) = p_0 \cdot (m_T^{\text{tot}})^{p_1 + p_2 \log(m_T^{\text{tot}})}, \quad (4)$$

where p_0 , p_1 and p_2 are free parameters. The integral of the fitted function in the high-mass tail matches the number of observed events well for any choice of the m_T^{tot} threshold, and the function models the high-mass tail well in a simulated dijet sample enriched in high-mass events. The statistical uncertainty is estimated using pseudo-experiments and increases monotonically from 12% to 83% with increasing m_T^{tot} threshold. The systematic uncertainty due to the choice of the fitting function is evaluated using alternative fitting functions and ranges from 1% to 7%. The multijet model is normalised to data that pass all analysis requirements but have m_T^{tot} in the range 200–250 GeV. For the low-mass points with $m_Z' \leq 625$ GeV, the low- m_T^{tot} side-band is lowered to 160–200 GeV to keep signal contamination negligible. Both side-bands have a maximum contamination of 5% from other background processes, which is subtracted, and negligible contamination from signal. The statistical uncertainty from the normalisation ranges from 2% to 5%. Systematic uncertainties affecting the normalisation of the background processes are propagated when performing the subtraction but have a negligible effect.

5.2. Multijet background in the $\tau_{\text{lep}} \tau_{\text{had}}$ channels

The background from multijet events is negligible at high m_T^{tot} , but it is important to estimate its contribution to model the inclusive mass distribution. Multijet events are exceptional among the background processes because the muons and electrons produced in heavy-flavour decays or the light-flavour hadrons falsely identified as electrons, are typically not isolated in the calorimeter but produced in jets. To estimate the multijet background, events in the data that fail lepton isolation are weighted event-by-event, with fake factors for lepton isolation measured from data in a multijet-rich control region (multijet-CR). The multijet-CR is defined by requiring exactly one selected lepton, as in Section 4, but without the isolation requirement; at least one tau candidate that fails the BDT ID; no tau candidates that pass the BDT ID; $E_T^{\text{miss}} < 15$ GeV for the $\tau_\mu \tau_{\text{had}}$ channel, $E_T^{\text{miss}} < 30$ GeV for the $\tau_e \tau_{\text{had}}$ channel; and the transverse mass formed by the lepton and E_T^{miss} , $m_T(\ell, E_T^{\text{miss}})$, to be less than 30 GeV. For the $\tau_\mu \tau_{\text{had}}$ channel, where the multijet contribution is dominated by b -quark-initiated jets, the muon is additionally required to have a transverse impact parameter of $|d_0(\mu)| > 0.08$ mm with respect to the primary vertex, which increases the purity of the multijet control region. The leptons in the multijet control region are divided into those that pass (isolated) and a subset that fail (anti-isolated) the isolation requirements. In the $\tau_\mu \tau_{\text{had}}$ channel the anti-isolation sample includes all muons that fail isolation, while in the $\tau_e \tau_{\text{had}}$ channel, the anti-isolation requirement is tightened to reduce contamination from real isolated electrons. Isolation fake factors, f_{iso} , are

defined as the number of isolated leptons in the data, N_{iso} , divided by the number of anti-isolated leptons, $N_{\text{anti-iso}}$, binned in p_{T} and η :

$$f_{\text{iso}}(p_{\text{T}}, \eta) \equiv \frac{N_{\text{iso}}(p_{\text{T}}, \eta)}{N_{\text{anti-iso}}(p_{\text{T}}, \eta)} \Big|_{\text{multijet-CR}} . \quad (5)$$

Contamination from real isolated leptons is estimated using simulation and subtracted from N_{iso} ($\sim 3\%$ for $\tau_{\mu}\tau_{\text{had}}$ and $\sim 25\%$ for $\tau_{e}\tau_{\text{had}}$). The number of multijet events passing lepton isolation, N_{multijet} , is predicted by weighting the events with anti-isolated leptons by their fake factor:

$$\begin{aligned} N_{\text{multijet}}(p_{\text{T}}, \eta, x) \\ = f_{\text{iso}}(p_{\text{T}}, \eta)(N_{\text{data}}^{\text{anti-iso}}(p_{\text{T}}, \eta, x) - N_{\text{MC}}^{\text{anti-iso}}(p_{\text{T}}, \eta, x)). \end{aligned} \quad (6)$$

The shape of the multijet background in a given kinematic variable, x , is modelled from the events in the data with anti-isolated leptons, $N_{\text{data}}^{\text{anti-iso}}$, corrected by subtracting the expected contamination from other background processes predicted with MC simulation, $N_{\text{MC}}^{\text{anti-iso}}$.

This method assumes that the ratio of the number of isolated leptons to the number of anti-isolated leptons in multijet events is not strongly correlated with the requirements used to enrich the multijet control sample. This assumption has been verified by varying the $E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}}$ and d_0 selection criteria used to define the multijet control region. A conservative 100% systematic uncertainty on the isolation fake factor is assumed, but this has negligible effect on the sensitivity because the expected multijet background is less than a percent of the total background in both the $\tau_{\mu}\tau_{\text{had}}$ and $\tau_{e}\tau_{\text{had}}$ channels.

5.3. $W + \text{jets}$ background in the $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ channels

The $W + \text{jets}$ background is estimated using a technique similar to the multijet estimate, where tau candidates that fail the BDT ID are weighted event-by-event with fake factors for jets to pass the BDT ID in $W + \text{jets}$ events. A high purity $W + \text{jets}$ control region (W-CR) is defined by selecting events that have exactly one isolated lepton, as in Section 4; at least one tau candidate that is not required to pass the BDT ID; and $m_{\text{T}}(\ell, E_{\text{T}}^{\text{miss}})$ between 70 and 200 GeV. For the $\tau_e\tau_{\text{had}}$ channel, the tau candidate is additionally required to pass the electron veto. Tau ID fake factors, f_{τ} , are defined as the number of tau candidates that pass the BDT ID, $N_{\text{pass } \tau\text{-ID}}$, divided by the number that fail, $N_{\text{fail } \tau\text{-ID}}$, binned in p_{T} and η :

$$f_{\tau}(p_{\text{T}}, \eta) \equiv \frac{N_{\text{pass } \tau\text{-ID}}(p_{\text{T}}, \eta)}{N_{\text{fail } \tau\text{-ID}}(p_{\text{T}}, \eta)} \Big|_{\text{W-CR}} . \quad (7)$$

The number of $W + \text{jets}$ events passing the BDT ID, $N_{W+\text{jets}}$, is predicted by weighting the events that fail the BDT ID by their fake factor:

$$\begin{aligned} N_{W+\text{jets}}(p_{\text{T}}, \eta, x) &= f_{\tau}(p_{\text{T}}, \eta)(N_{\text{data}}^{\text{fail } \tau\text{-ID}}(p_{\text{T}}, \eta, x) \\ &- N_{\text{multijet}}^{\text{fail } \tau\text{-ID}}(p_{\text{T}}, \eta, x) - N_{\text{MC}}^{\text{fail } \tau\text{-ID}}(p_{\text{T}}, \eta, x)). \end{aligned} \quad (8)$$

The shape of the $W + \text{jets}$ background is modelled using events in the data that failed the BDT ID, $N_{\text{data}}^{\text{fail } \tau\text{-ID}}$, with the multijet contamination, $N_{\text{multijet}}^{\text{fail } \tau\text{-ID}}$ (estimated from data), and other contamination, $N_{\text{MC}}^{\text{fail } \tau\text{-ID}}$ (estimated from simulation), subtracted.

A 30% systematic uncertainty on the fake factors is assigned by comparing the fake factors to those measured in a data sample enriched in $Z + \text{jets}$ instead of $W + \text{jets}$, which provides a sample of jets with a similar quark/gluon fraction [49]. This background estimation method relies on the assumption that the tau identification

fake factors for $W + \text{jets}$ events are not strongly correlated with the selection used to define the $W + \text{jets}$ control region. This assumption has been verified by varying the m_{T} selection criterion used to define the $W + \text{jets}$ control region, resulting in a few percent variation, which is well within the systematic uncertainty.

6. Systematic uncertainties

Systematic effects on the contributions of signal and background processes estimated from simulation are discussed in this section. These include theoretical uncertainties on the cross sections of simulated processes and experimental uncertainties on the trigger, reconstruction and identification efficiencies; on the energy and momentum scales and resolutions; and on the measurement of the integrated luminosity. For each source of uncertainty, the correlations across analysis channels, as well as the correlations between signal and background, are taken into account. Uncertainties on the background contributions estimated from data have been discussed in their respective sections.

The overall uncertainty on the Z' signal and the $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$ background due to PDFs, α_S and scale variations is estimated to be 12% at 1.5 TeV, dominated by the PDF uncertainty [12]. The uncertainty is evaluated using PDF error sets, and the spread of the variations covers the difference between the central values obtained with the CTEQ and MSTW PDF sets. Additionally, for $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$, a systematic uncertainty of 10% is attributed to electroweak corrections [50]. This uncertainty is not considered for the signal as it is strongly model-dependent. An uncertainty of 4–5% is assumed for the inclusive cross section of the single gauge boson and diboson production mechanisms and a relative uncertainty of 24% is added in quadrature per additional jet, due to the irreducible Berends-scaling uncertainty [51,52]. For $t\bar{t}$ and single top-quark production, the QCD scale uncertainties are in the range of 3–6% [35,53,54]. The uncertainties related to the proton PDFs, including those arising from the choice of PDF set, amount to 8% for the predominantly gluon-initiated processes such as $t\bar{t}$ and 4% for the predominantly quark-initiated processes at low mass, such as on-shell single gauge boson and diboson production [25,28,55–57].

The uncertainty on the integrated luminosity is 3.9% [58,59]. The efficiencies of the electron, muon and hadronic tau triggers are measured in data and are used to correct the simulation. The associated systematic uncertainties are typically 1–2% for electrons and muons, 2.5% for the ditau trigger and 5% for the high- p_{T} single-tau trigger. Differences between data and simulation in the reconstruction and identification efficiencies of electrons, muons, and hadronic tau decays are taken into account, as well as the differences in the energy and momentum scales and resolutions. The associated uncertainties for muons and electrons are typically $< 1\%$.

The systematic uncertainties on the identification efficiency of hadronic tau decays are estimated at low p_{T} from data samples enriched in $W \rightarrow \tau\nu$ and $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ events. At high p_{T} , there are no abundant sources of real hadronic tau decays to make an efficiency measurement. Rather, the fraction of jets that pass the tau identification is studied in high- p_{T} dijet events as a function of the jet p_{T} , which indicates that there is no degradation in the modelling of the detector response as a function of the p_{T} of tau candidates. From these studies, an efficiency uncertainty of up to 8% is assigned to high- p_{T} tau candidates. The uncertainty on the jet-to-tau misidentification rate is 50%, determined from data-MC comparisons in $W + \text{jet}$ events. The uncertainty on the electron-to-tau misidentification rate is 50–100%, depending on the pseudorapidity of the tau candidate, based on measurements made using a $Z \rightarrow ee$ sample selected from data [47]. The energy scale uncertainty on taus and jets is evaluated based on the single-hadron response in

Table 2

Uncertainties on the estimated signal and total background contributions in percent for each channel. The following signal masses, chosen to be close to the region where the limits are set, are used: 1250 GeV for $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ (hh); 1000 GeV for $\tau_{\mu}\tau_{\text{had}}$ (μh) and $\tau_{e}\tau_{\text{had}}$ (eh); and 750 GeV for $\tau_{e}\tau_{\mu}$ ($e\mu$). A dash denotes that the uncertainty is not applicable. The statistical uncertainty corresponds to the uncertainty due to limited sample size in the MC and control regions.

Uncertainty [%]	Signal				Background			
	hh	μh	eh	$e\mu$	hh	μh	eh	$e\mu$
Stat. uncertainty	1	2	2	3	5	20	23	7
Eff. and fake rate	16	10	8	1	12	16	4	3
Energy scale and res.	5	7	6	2	⁺²² ₋₁₁	3	8	5
Theory cross section	8	6	6	5	9	4	4	5
Luminosity	4	4	4	4	2	2	2	4
Data-driven methods	–	–	–	–	⁺²¹ ₋₁₁	6	16	–

the calorimeters [44,60]. In addition, the tau energy scale is validated in data samples enriched in $Z \rightarrow \tau\tau$ events. The systematic uncertainties related to the jet and tau energy scale and resolution are functions of η and p_T , and are generally near 3%. These uncertainties are treated as fully correlated. Energy scale and resolution uncertainties on all objects are propagated to the E_T^{miss} calculation. The uncertainty on the E_T^{miss} due to clusters that do not belong to any reconstructed object is measured to be negligible in all channels.

Table 2 summarises the uncertainties on the estimated signal and total background contributions in each channel. For the background, the contribution from each uncertainty depends on the fraction of the background estimated with simulation. The dominant uncertainties on the background come from the multijet shape estimation and the tau energy scale uncertainty for $Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$ events in the $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ channel, from the limited sample size and the fake factor estimate of the $W + \text{jets}$ background in the $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ channels and from the statistical uncertainty of the MC samples in the $\tau_e\tau_\mu$ channel. The dominant uncertainty on the signal for the $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ and $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ channels comes from the tau identification efficiency and for the $\tau_e\tau_\mu$ channel, from the statistical uncertainty on the MC samples.

7. Results and discussion

The numbers of observed and expected events including their total uncertainties, after the full selection in all channels, are summarised in Table 3. In all cases, the number of observed events is consistent with the expected Standard Model background. There-

fore, upper limits are set on the production of a high-mass resonance decaying to $\tau^+\tau^-$ pairs.

The statistical combination of the channels employs a likelihood function constructed as the product of Poisson probability terms describing the total number of events observed in each channel. The Poisson probability in each channel is evaluated for the observed number of data events given the signal plus background expectation. Systematic uncertainties on the expected number of events are incorporated into the likelihood via Gaussian-distributed nuisance parameters. Correlations across channels are taken into account. A signal strength parameter multiplies the expected signal in each channel, for which a positive uniform prior probability distribution is assumed. Theoretical uncertainties on the signal cross section are not included in the calculation of the experimental limit as they are model-dependent.

Bayesian 95% credibility upper limits are set on the cross section times branching fraction for a high-mass resonance decaying into a $\tau^+\tau^-$ pair as a function of the resonance mass, using the Bayesian Analysis Toolkit [61]. Figs. 2(a) and 2(b) show the limits for the individual channels and for the combination, respectively. The resulting 95% credibility lower limit on the mass of a Z'_{SSM} decaying to $\tau^+\tau^-$ pairs is 1.40 TeV, with an expected limit of 1.42 TeV. The observed and expected limits in the individual channels are, respectively: 1.26 and 1.35 TeV ($\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$); 1.07 and 1.06 TeV ($\tau_{\mu}\tau_{\text{had}}$); 1.10 and 1.03 TeV ($\tau_e\tau_{\text{had}}$); and 0.72 and 0.82 TeV ($\tau_e\tau_\mu$).

The impact of the choice of the prior on the signal strength parameter has been evaluated by also considering the reference prior [62]. Use of the reference prior improves the mass limits by approximately 50 GeV. The impact of the vector and axial coupling strengths of the Z' has been investigated, as these can alter the fraction of the tau momentum carried by the visible decay products. For purely $V - A$ couplings, the limit on the cross section times $\tau^+\tau^-$ branching fraction is improved by $\sim 10\%$ over the mass range. For purely $V + A$ couplings, there is a mass-dependent degradation, from $\sim 15\%$ at high mass to $\sim 40\%$ at low mass. All variations lie within the 1σ band of the expected exclusion limit.

8. Conclusion

A search for high-mass ditau resonances has been performed using 4.6 fb^{-1} of data collected with the ATLAS detector in pp collisions at $\sqrt{s} = 7 \text{ TeV}$ at the LHC. The $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$, $\tau_{\mu}\tau_{\text{had}}$, $\tau_e\tau_{\text{had}}$ and $\tau_e\tau_\mu$ channels are analysed. The observed number of events in the high-transverse-mass region is consistent with the SM expect-

Table 3

Number of expected and observed events after event selection for each analysis channel. The expected contribution from the signal and background in each channel is calculated for the signal mass point closest to the Z'_{SSM} exclusion limit. The total uncertainties on each estimated contribution are shown. The signal efficiency denotes the expected number of signal events divided by the product of the production cross section, the ditau branching fraction and the integrated luminosity, $\sigma(pp \rightarrow Z'_{\text{SSM}}) \times \text{BR}(Z'_{\text{SSM}} \rightarrow \tau\tau) \times \int L dt$.

$m_{Z'}$ [GeV] m_T^{tot} threshold [GeV]	$\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$ 1250 700	$\tau_{\mu}\tau_{\text{had}}$ 1000 600	$\tau_e\tau_{\text{had}}$ 1000 500	$\tau_e\tau_\mu$ 750 350
$Z/\gamma^* \rightarrow \tau\tau$	0.73 ± 0.23	0.36 ± 0.06	0.57 ± 0.11	0.55 ± 0.07
$W + \text{jets}$	< 0.03	0.28 ± 0.22	0.8 ± 0.4	0.33 ± 0.10
$Z(\rightarrow \ell\ell) + \text{jets}$	< 0.01	< 0.1	< 0.01	0.06 ± 0.02
$t\bar{t}$	< 0.02	0.33 ± 0.15	0.13 ± 0.09	0.97 ± 0.22
Diboson	< 0.01	0.23 ± 0.07	0.06 ± 0.03	1.69 ± 0.24
Single top	< 0.01	0.19 ± 0.18	< 0.1	< 0.1
Multijet	0.24 ± 0.15	< 0.01	< 0.1	< 0.01
Total expected background	0.97 ± 0.27	1.4 ± 0.4	1.6 ± 0.5	3.6 ± 0.4
Events observed	2	1	0	5
Expected signal events	6.3 ± 1.1	5.5 ± 0.7	5.0 ± 0.5	6.72 ± 0.26
Signal efficiency (%)	4.3	1.1	1.0	0.4

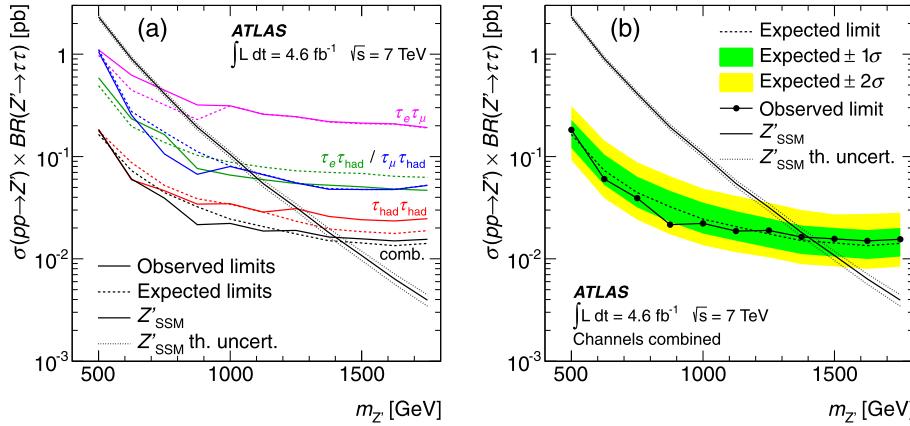


Fig. 2. (a) The expected (dashed) and observed (solid) 95% credibility upper limits on the cross section times $\tau^+ \tau^-$ branching fraction, in the $\tau_{\text{had}} \tau_{\text{had}}$, $\tau_\mu \tau_{\text{had}}$, $\tau_e \tau_{\text{had}}$ and $\tau_e \tau_\mu$ channels and for the combination. The expected Z'_SSM production cross section and its corresponding theoretical uncertainty (dotted) are also included. (b) The expected and observed limits for the combination including 1σ and 2σ uncertainty bands. Z'_SSM masses up to 1.40 TeV are excluded, in agreement with the expected limit of 1.42 TeV in the absence of a signal.

tation. Limits are set on the cross section times branching fraction for such resonances. The resulting lower limit on the mass of a Z' decaying to $\tau^+ \tau^-$ in the Sequential Standard Model is 1.40 TeV at 95% credibility, in agreement with the expected limit of 1.42 TeV in the absence of a signal.

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 P. Federic ^{144a}, O.L. Fedin ¹²¹, W. Fedorko ⁸⁸, M. Fehling-Kaschek ⁴⁸, L. Feligioni ⁸³, C. Feng ^{33d}, E.J. Feng ⁶,
 A.B. Fenyuk ¹²⁸, J. Ferencei ^{144b}, W. Fernando ⁶, S. Ferrag ⁵³, J. Ferrando ⁵³, V. Ferrara ⁴², A. Ferrari ¹⁶⁶,
 P. Ferrari ¹⁰⁵, R. Ferrari ^{119a}, D.E. Ferreira de Lima ⁵³, A. Ferrer ¹⁶⁷, D. Ferrere ⁴⁹, C. Ferretti ⁸⁷,
 A. Ferretto Parodi ^{50a,50b}, M. Fiascaris ³¹, F. Fiedler ⁸¹, A. Filipčič ⁷⁴, F. Filthaut ¹⁰⁴, M. Fincke-Keeler ¹⁶⁹,
 M.C.N. Fiolhais ^{124a,h}, L. Fiorini ¹⁶⁷, A. Firan ⁴⁰, G. Fischer ⁴², M.J. Fisher ¹⁰⁹, M. Flechl ⁴⁸, I. Fleck ¹⁴¹,
 J. Fleckner ⁸¹, P. Fleischmann ¹⁷⁴, S. Fleischmann ¹⁷⁵, T. Flick ¹⁷⁵, A. Floderus ⁷⁹, L.R. Flores Castillo ¹⁷³,
 A.C. Florez Bustos ^{159b}, M.J. Flowerdew ⁹⁹, T. Fonseca Martin ¹⁷, A. Formica ¹³⁶, A. Forti ⁸², D. Fortin ^{159a},
 D. Fournier ¹¹⁵, A.J. Fowler ⁴⁵, H. Fox ⁷¹, P. Francavilla ¹², M. Franchini ^{20a,20b}, S. Franchino ^{119a,119b},
 D. Francis ³⁰, T. Frank ¹⁷², M. Franklin ⁵⁷, S. Franz ³⁰, M. Fraternali ^{119a,119b}, S. Fratina ¹²⁰, S.T. French ²⁸,
 C. Friedrich ⁴², F. Friedrich ⁴⁴, R. Froeschl ³⁰, D. Froidevaux ³⁰, J.A. Frost ²⁸, C. Fukunaga ¹⁵⁶,
 E. Fullana Torregrosa ³⁰, B.G. Fulsom ¹⁴³, J. Fuster ¹⁶⁷, C. Gabaldon ³⁰, O. Gabizon ¹⁷², T. Gadfort ²⁵,
 S. Gadomski ⁴⁹, G. Gagliardi ^{50a,50b}, P. Gagnon ⁶⁰, C. Galea ⁹⁸, B. Galhardo ^{124a}, E.J. Gallas ¹¹⁸, V. Gallo ¹⁷,
 B.J. Gallop ¹²⁹, P. Gallus ¹²⁵, K.K. Gan ¹⁰⁹, Y.S. Gao ^{143,f}, A. Gaponenko ¹⁵, F. Garberson ¹⁷⁶,
 M. Garcia-Sciveres ¹⁵, C. García ¹⁶⁷, J.E. García Navarro ¹⁶⁷, R.W. Gardner ³¹, N. Garelli ³⁰,
 H. Garitaonandia ¹⁰⁵, V. Garonne ³⁰, C. Gatti ⁴⁷, G. Gaudio ^{119a}, B. Gaur ¹⁴¹, L. Gauthier ¹³⁶,
 P. Gauzzi ^{132a,132b}, I.L. Gavrilenko ⁹⁴, C. Gay ¹⁶⁸, G. Gaycken ²¹, E.N. Gazis ¹⁰, P. Ge ^{33d}, Z. Gecse ¹⁶⁸,
 C.N.P. Gee ¹²⁹, D.A.A. Geerts ¹⁰⁵, Ch. Geich-Gimbel ²¹, K. Gellerstedt ^{146a,146b}, C. Gemme ^{50a},

- A. Gemmell 53, M.H. Genest 55, S. Gentile 132a, 132b, M. George 54, S. George 76, P. Gerlach 175,
 A. Gershon 153, C. Geweniger 58a, H. Ghazlane 135b, N. Ghodbane 34, B. Giacobbe 20a, S. Giagu 132a, 132b,
 V. Giakoumopoulou 9, V. Giangiobbe 12, F. Gianotti 30, B. Gibbard 25, A. Gibson 158, S.M. Gibson 30,
 M. Gilchriese 15, D. Gillberg 29, A.R. Gillman 129, D.M. Gingrich 3,e, J. Ginzburg 153, N. Giokaris 9,
 M.P. Giordani 164c, R. Giordano 102a, 102b, F.M. Giorgi 16, P. Giovannini 99, P.F. Giraud 136, D. Giugni 89a
 M. Giunta 93, B.K. Gjelsten 117, L.K. Gladilin 97, C. Glasman 80, J. Glatzer 21, A. Glazov 42, K.W. Glitza 175,
 G.L. Glonti 64, J.R. Goddard 75, J. Godfrey 142, J. Godlewski 30, M. Goebel 42, T. Göpfert 44, C. Goeringer 81,
 C. Gössling 43, S. Goldfarb 87, T. Golling 176, A. Gomes 124a,b, L.S. Gomez Fajardo 42, R. Gonçalo 76,
 J. Goncalves Pinto Firmino Da Costa 42, L. Gonella 21, S. González de la Hoz 167, G. Gonzalez Parra 12,
 M.L. Gonzalez Silva 27, S. Gonzalez-Sevilla 49, J.J. Goodson 148, L. Goossens 30, P.A. Gorbounov 95,
 H.A. Gordon 25, I. Gorelov 103, G. Gorfine 175, B. Gorini 30, E. Gorini 72a, 72b, A. Gorišek 74, E. Gornicki 39,
 A.T. Goshaw 6, M. Gosselink 105, M.I. Gostkin 64, I. Gough Eschrich 163, M. Gouighri 135a, D. Goujdami 135c,
 M.P. Goulette 49, A.G. Goussiou 138, C. Goy 5, S. Gozpinar 23, I. Grabowska-Bold 38, P. Grafström 20a, 20b,
 K.-J. Grahn 42, E. Gramstad 117, F. Grancagnolo 72a, S. Grancagnolo 16, V. Grassi 148, V. Gratchev 121,
 N. Grau 35, H.M. Gray 30, J.A. Gray 148, E. Graziani 134a, O.G. Grebenyuk 121, T. Greenshaw 73,
 Z.D. Greenwood 25,m, K. Gregersen 36, I.M. Gregor 42, P. Grenier 143, J. Griffiths 8, N. Grigalashvili 64,
 A.A. Grillo 137, S. Grinstein 12, Ph. Gris 34, Y.V. Grishkevich 97, J.-F. Grivaz 115, E. Gross 172,
 J. Grosse-Knetter 54, J. Groth-Jensen 172, K. Grybel 141, D. Guest 176, C. Guicheney 34, E. Guido 50a, 50b,
 S. Guindon 54, U. Gul 53, J. Gunther 125, B. Guo 158, J. Guo 35, P. Gutierrez 111, N. Guttman 153,
 O. Gutzwiller 173, C. Guyot 136, C. Gwenlan 118, C.B. Gwilliam 73, A. Haas 108, S. Haas 30, C. Haber 15,
 H.K. Hadavand 8, D.R. Hadley 18, P. Haefner 21, F. Hahn 30, Z. Hajduk 39, H. Hakobyan 177, D. Hall 118,
 K. Hamacher 175, P. Hamal 113, K. Hamano 86, M. Hamer 54, A. Hamilton 145b,p, S. Hamilton 161, L. Han 33b,
 K. Hanagaki 116, K. Hanawa 160, M. Hance 15, C. Handel 81, P. Hanke 58a, J.R. Hansen 36, J.B. Hansen 36,
 J.D. Hansen 36, P.H. Hansen 36, P. Hansson 143, K. Hara 160, T. Harenberg 175, S. Harkusha 90, D. Harper 87,
 R.D. Harrington 46, O.M. Harris 138, J. Hartert 48, F. Hartjes 105, T. Haruyama 65, A. Harvey 56,
 S. Hasegawa 101, Y. Hasegawa 140, S. Hassani 136, S. Haug 17, M. Hauschild 30, R. Hauser 88, M. Havranek 21,
 C.M. Hawkes 18, R.J. Hawkings 30, A.D. Hawkins 79, T. Hayakawa 66, T. Hayashi 160, D. Hayden 76,
 C.P. Hays 118, H.S. Hayward 73, S.J. Haywood 129, S.J. Head 18, V. Hedberg 79, L. Heelan 8, S. Heim 120,
 B. Heinemann 15, S. Heisterkamp 36, L. Helary 22, C. Heller 98, M. Heller 30, S. Hellman 146a, 146b,
 D. Hellmich 21, C. Helsens 12, R.C.W. Henderson 71, M. Henke 58a, A. Henrichs 176,
 A.M. Henriques Correia 30, S. Henrot-Versille 115, C. Hensel 54, C.M. Hernandez 8,
 Y. Hernández Jiménez 167, R. Herrberg 16, G. Herten 48, R. Hertenberger 98, L. Hervas 30, G.G. Hesketh 77,
 N.P. Hessey 105, E. Higón-Rodriguez 167, J.C. Hill 28, K.H. Hiller 42, S. Hillert 21, S.J. Hillier 18, I. Hinchliffe 15,
 E. Hines 120, M. Hirose 116, F. Hirsch 43, D. Hirschbuehl 175, J. Hobbs 148, N. Hod 153, M.C. Hodgkinson 139,
 P. Hodgson 139, A. Hoecker 30, M.R. Hoeferkamp 103, J. Hoffman 40, D. Hoffmann 83,
 M. Hohlfeld 81, M. Holder 141, S.O. Holmgren 146a, T. Holy 127, J.L. Holzbauer 88, T.M. Hong 120,
 L. Hooft van Huysduynen 108, S. Horner 48, J.-Y. Hostachy 55, S. Hou 151, A. Hoummada 135a, J. Howard 118,
 J. Howarth 82, I. Hristova 16, J. Hrivnac 115, T. Hryvn'ova 5, P.J. Hsu 81, S.-C. Hsu 15, D. Hu 35, Z. Hubacek 127,
 F. Hubaut 83, F. Huegging 21, A. Huettmann 42, T.B. Huffman 118, E.W. Hughes 35, G. Hughes 71,
 M. Huhtinen 30, M. Hurwitz 15, N. Huseynov 64,q, J. Huston 88, J. Huth 57, G. Iacobucci 49, G. Iakovidis 10,
 M. Ibotson 82, I. Ibragimov 141, L. Iconomidou-Fayard 115, J. Idarraga 115, P. Iengo 102a, O. Igonkina 105,
 Y. Ikegami 65, M. Ikeno 65, D. Iliadis 154, N. Ilic 158, T. Ince 99, P. Ioannou 9, M. Iodice 134a, K. Iordanidou 9,
 V. Ippolito 132a, 132b, A. Irles Quiles 167, C. Isaksson 166, M. Ishino 67, M. Ishitsuka 157,
 R. Ishmukhametov 109, C. Issever 118, S. Istin 19a, A.V. Ivashin 128, W. Iwanski 39, H. Iwasaki 65, J.M. Izen 41,
 V. Izzo 102a, B. Jackson 120, J.N. Jackson 73, P. Jackson 1, M.R. Jaekel 30, V. Jain 60, K. Jakobs 48,
 S. Jakobsen 36, T. Jakoubek 125, J. Jakubek 127, D.O. Jamin 151, D.K. Jana 111, E. Jansen 77, H. Jansen 30,
 J. Janssen 21, A. Jantsch 99, M. Janus 48, R.C. Jared 173, G. Jarlskog 79, L. Jeanty 57, I. Jen-La Plante 31,
 D. Jennens 86, P. Jenni 30, A.E. Loevschall-Jensen 36, P. Jež 36, S. Jézéquel 5, M.K. Jha 20a, H. Ji 173, W. Ji 81,
 J. Jia 148, Y. Jiang 33b, M. Jimenez Belenguer 42, S. Jin 33a, O. Jinnouchi 157, M.D. Joergensen 36, D. Joffe 40,
 M. Johansen 146a, 146b, K.E. Johansson 146a, P. Johansson 139, S. Johnert 42, K.A. Johns 7, K. Jon-And 146a, 146b,
 G. Jones 170, R.W.L. Jones 71, T.J. Jones 73, C. Joram 30, P.M. Jorge 124a, K.D. Joshi 82, J. Jovicevic 147,
 T. Jovin 13b, X. Ju 173, C.A. Jung 43, R.M. Jungst 30, V. Juranek 125, P. Jussel 61, A. Juste Rozas 12, S. Kabana 17,

- M. Kaci ¹⁶⁷, A. Kaczmarska ³⁹, P. Kadlecik ³⁶, M. Kado ¹¹⁵, H. Kagan ¹⁰⁹, M. Kagan ⁵⁷, E. Kajomovitz ¹⁵², S. Kalinin ¹⁷⁵, L.V. Kalinovskaya ⁶⁴, S. Kama ⁴⁰, N. Kanaya ¹⁵⁵, M. Kaneda ³⁰, S. Kaneti ²⁸, T. Kanno ¹⁵⁷, V.A. Kantserov ⁹⁶, J. Kanzaki ⁶⁵, B. Kaplan ¹⁰⁸, A. Kapliy ³¹, J. Kaplon ³⁰, D. Kar ⁵³, M. Karagounis ²¹, K. Karakostas ¹⁰, M. Karnevskiy ⁴², V. Kartvelishvili ⁷¹, A.N. Karyukhin ¹²⁸, L. Kashif ¹⁷³, G. Kasieczka ^{58b}, R.D. Kass ¹⁰⁹, A. Kastanas ¹⁴, M. Kataoka ⁵, Y. Kataoka ¹⁵⁵, E. Katsoufis ¹⁰, J. Katzy ⁴², V. Kaushik ⁷, K. Kawagoe ⁶⁹, T. Kawamoto ¹⁵⁵, G. Kawamura ⁸¹, M.S. Kayl ¹⁰⁵, S. Kazama ¹⁵⁵, V.A. Kazanin ¹⁰⁷, M.Y. Kazarinov ⁶⁴, R. Keeler ¹⁶⁹, P.T. Keener ¹²⁰, R. Kehoe ⁴⁰, M. Keil ⁵⁴, G.D. Kekelidze ⁶⁴, J.S. Keller ¹³⁸, M. Kenyon ⁵³, O. Kepka ¹²⁵, N. Kerschen ³⁰, B.P. Kerševan ⁷⁴, S. Kersten ¹⁷⁵, K. Kessoku ¹⁵⁵, J. Keung ¹⁵⁸, F. Khalil-zada ¹¹, H. Khandanyan ^{146a,146b}, A. Khanov ¹¹², D. Kharchenko ⁶⁴, A. Khodinov ⁹⁶, A. Khomich ^{58a}, T.J. Khoo ²⁸, G. Khoriauli ²¹, A. Khoroshilov ¹⁷⁵, V. Khovanskiy ⁹⁵, E. Khramov ⁶⁴, J. Khubua ^{51b}, H. Kim ^{146a,146b}, S.H. Kim ¹⁶⁰, N. Kimura ¹⁷¹, O. Kind ¹⁶, B.T. King ⁷³, M. King ⁶⁶, R.S.B. King ¹¹⁸, J. Kirk ¹²⁹, A.E. Kiryunin ⁹⁹, T. Kishimoto ⁶⁶, D. Kisielewska ³⁸, T. Kitamura ⁶⁶, T. Kittelmann ¹²³, K. Kiuchi ¹⁶⁰, E. Kladiva ^{144b}, M. Klein ⁷³, U. Klein ⁷³, K. Kleinknecht ⁸¹, M. Klemetti ⁸⁵, A. Klier ¹⁷², P. Klimek ^{146a,146b}, A. Klimentov ²⁵, R. Klingenberg ⁴³, J.A. Klinger ⁸², E.B. Klinkby ³⁶, T. Klioutchnikova ³⁰, P.F. Klok ¹⁰⁴, S. Klous ¹⁰⁵, E.-E. Kluge ^{58a}, T. Kluge ⁷³, P. Kluit ¹⁰⁵, S. Kluth ⁹⁹, E. Kneringer ⁶¹, E.B.F.G. Knoops ⁸³, A. Knue ⁵⁴, B.R. Ko ⁴⁵, T. Kobayashi ¹⁵⁵, M. Kobel ⁴⁴, M. Kocian ¹⁴³, P. Kodys ¹²⁶, K. Köneke ³⁰, A.C. König ¹⁰⁴, S. Koenig ⁸¹, L. Köpke ⁸¹, F. Koetsveld ¹⁰⁴, P. Koevesarki ²¹, T. Koffas ²⁹, E. Koffeman ¹⁰⁵, L.A. Kogan ¹¹⁸, S. Kohlmann ¹⁷⁵, F. Kohn ⁵⁴, Z. Kohout ¹²⁷, T. Kohriki ⁶⁵, T. Koi ¹⁴³, G.M. Kolachev ^{107,*}, H. Kolanoski ¹⁶, V. Kolesnikov ⁶⁴, I. Koletsou ^{89a}, J. Koll ⁸⁸, A.A. Komar ⁹⁴, Y. Komori ¹⁵⁵, T. Kondo ⁶⁵, T. Kono ^{42,r}, A.I. Kononov ⁴⁸, R. Konoplich ^{108,s}, N. Konstantinidis ⁷⁷, R. Kopeliansky ¹⁵², S. Koperny ³⁸, K. Korcyl ³⁹, K. Kordas ¹⁵⁴, A. Korn ¹¹⁸, A. Korol ¹⁰⁷, I. Korolkov ¹², E.V. Korolkova ¹³⁹, V.A. Korotkov ¹²⁸, O. Kortner ⁹⁹, S. Kortner ⁹⁹, V.V. Kostyukhin ²¹, S. Kotov ⁹⁹, V.M. Kotov ⁶⁴, A. Kotwal ⁴⁵, C. Kourkoumelis ⁹, V. Kouskoura ¹⁵⁴, A. Koutsman ^{159a}, R. Kowalewski ¹⁶⁹, T.Z. Kowalski ³⁸, W. Kozanecki ¹³⁶, A.S. Kozhin ¹²⁸, V. Kral ¹²⁷, V.A. Kramarenko ⁹⁷, G. Kramberger ⁷⁴, M.W. Krasny ⁷⁸, A. Krasznahorkay ¹⁰⁸, J.K. Kraus ²¹, S. Kreiss ¹⁰⁸, F. Krejci ¹²⁷, J. Kretzschmar ⁷³, N. Krieger ⁵⁴, P. Krieger ¹⁵⁸, K. Kroeninger ⁵⁴, H. Kroha ⁹⁹, J. Kroll ¹²⁰, J. Kroseberg ²¹, J. Krstic ^{13a}, U. Kruchonak ⁶⁴, H. Krüger ²¹, T. Kruker ¹⁷, N. Krumnack ⁶³, Z.V. Krumshteyn ⁶⁴, M.K. Kruse ⁴⁵, T. Kubota ⁸⁶, S. Kuday ^{4a}, S. Kuehn ⁴⁸, A. Kugel ^{58c}, T. Kuhl ⁴², D. Kuhn ⁶¹, V. Kukhtin ⁶⁴, Y. Kulchitsky ⁹⁰, S. Kuleshov ^{32b}, C. Kummer ⁹⁸, M. Kuna ⁷⁸, J. Kunkle ¹²⁰, A. Kupco ¹²⁵, H. Kurashige ⁶⁶, M. Kurata ¹⁶⁰, Y.A. Kurochkin ⁹⁰, V. Kus ¹²⁵, E.S. Kuwertz ¹⁴⁷, M. Kuze ¹⁵⁷, J. Kvita ¹⁴², R. Kwee ¹⁶, A. La Rosa ⁴⁹, L. La Rotonda ^{37a,37b}, L. Labarga ⁸⁰, J. Labbe ⁵, S. Lablak ^{135a}, C. Lacasta ¹⁶⁷, F. Lacava ^{132a,132b}, J. Lacey ²⁹, H. Lacker ¹⁶, D. Lacour ⁷⁸, V.R. Lacuesta ¹⁶⁷, E. Ladygin ⁶⁴, R. Lafaye ⁵, B. Laforge ⁷⁸, T. Lagouri ¹⁷⁶, S. Lai ⁴⁸, E. Laisne ⁵⁵, L. Lambourne ⁷⁷, C.L. Lampen ⁷, W. Lampl ⁷, E. Lancon ¹³⁶, U. Landgraf ⁴⁸, M.P.J. Landon ⁷⁵, V.S. Lang ^{58a}, C. Lange ⁴², A.J. Lankford ¹⁶³, F. Lanni ²⁵, K. Lantzsch ¹⁷⁵, A. Lanza ^{119a}, S. Laplace ⁷⁸, C. Lapoire ²¹, J.F. Laporte ¹³⁶, T. Lari ^{89a}, A. Larner ¹¹⁸, M. Lassnig ³⁰, P. Laurelli ⁴⁷, V. Lavorini ^{37a,37b}, W. Lavrijsen ¹⁵, P. Laycock ⁷³, O. Le Dortz ⁷⁸, E. Le Guirriec ⁸³, E. Le Menedeu ¹², T. LeCompte ⁶, F. Ledroit-Guillon ⁵⁵, H. Lee ¹⁰⁵, J.S.H. Lee ¹¹⁶, S.C. Lee ¹⁵¹, L. Lee ¹⁷⁶, M. Lefebvre ¹⁶⁹, M. Legendre ¹³⁶, F. Legger ⁹⁸, C. Leggett ¹⁵, M. Lehacher ²¹, G. Lehmann Miotto ³⁰, A.G. Leister ¹⁷⁶, M.A.L. Leite ^{24d}, R. Leitner ¹²⁶, D. Lellouch ¹⁷², B. Lemmer ⁵⁴, V. Lendermann ^{58a}, K.J.C. Leney ^{145b}, T. Lenz ¹⁰⁵, G. Lenzen ¹⁷⁵, B. Lenzi ³⁰, K. Leonhardt ⁴⁴, S. Leontsinis ¹⁰, F. Lepold ^{58a}, C. Leroy ⁹³, J.-R. Lessard ¹⁶⁹, C.G. Lester ²⁸, C.M. Lester ¹²⁰, J. Levêque ⁵, D. Levin ⁸⁷, L.J. Levinson ¹⁷², A. Lewis ¹¹⁸, G.H. Lewis ¹⁰⁸, A.M. Leyko ²¹, M. Leyton ¹⁶, B. Li ^{33b}, B. Li ⁸³, H. Li ¹⁴⁸, H.L. Li ³¹, S. Li ^{33b,t}, X. Li ⁸⁷, Z. Liang ^{118,u}, H. Liao ³⁴, B. Liberti ^{133a}, P. Lichard ³⁰, M. Lichtnecker ⁹⁸, K. Lie ¹⁶⁵, W. Liebig ¹⁴, C. Limbach ²¹, A. Limosani ⁸⁶, M. Limper ⁶², S.C. Lin ^{151,v}, F. Linde ¹⁰⁵, J.T. Linnemann ⁸⁸, E. Lipeles ¹²⁰, A. Lipniacka ¹⁴, T.M. Liss ¹⁶⁵, D. Lissauer ²⁵, A. Lister ⁴⁹, A.M. Litke ¹³⁷, C. Liu ²⁹, D. Liu ¹⁵¹, H. Liu ⁸⁷, J.B. Liu ⁸⁷, L. Liu ⁸⁷, M. Liu ^{33b}, Y. Liu ^{33b}, M. Livan ^{119a,119b}, S.S.A. Livermore ¹¹⁸, A. Lleres ⁵⁵, J. Llorente Merino ⁸⁰, S.L. Lloyd ⁷⁵, E. Lobodzinska ⁴², P. Loch ⁷, W.S. Lockman ¹³⁷, T. Loddenkoetter ²¹, F.K. Loebinger ⁸², A. Loginov ¹⁷⁶, C.W. Loh ¹⁶⁸, T. Lohse ¹⁶, K. Lohwasser ⁴⁸, M. Lokajicek ¹²⁵, V.P. Lombardo ⁵, R.E. Long ⁷¹, L. Lopes ^{124a}, D. Lopez Mateos ⁵⁷, J. Lorenz ⁹⁸, N. Lorenzo Martinez ¹¹⁵, M. Losada ¹⁶², P. Loscutoff ¹⁵, F. Lo Sterzo ^{132a,132b}, M.J. Losty ^{159a,*}, X. Lou ⁴¹, A. Lounis ¹¹⁵, K.F. Loureiro ¹⁶², J. Love ⁶, P.A. Love ⁷¹, A.J. Lowe ^{143,f}, F. Lu ^{33a}, H.J. Lubatti ¹³⁸, C. Luci ^{132a,132b}, A. Lucotte ⁵⁵, A. Ludwig ⁴⁴, D. Ludwig ⁴², I. Ludwig ⁴⁸, J. Ludwig ⁴⁸, F. Luehring ⁶⁰, G. Luijckx ¹⁰⁵, W. Lukas ⁶¹, L. Luminari ^{132a}, E. Lund ¹¹⁷, B. Lund-Jensen ¹⁴⁷, B. Lundberg ⁷⁹,

- J. Lundberg ^{146a,146b}, O. Lundberg ^{146a,146b}, J. Lundquist ³⁶, M. Lungwitz ⁸¹, D. Lynn ²⁵, E. Lytken ⁷⁹,
 H. Ma ²⁵, L.L. Ma ¹⁷³, G. Maccarrone ⁴⁷, A. Macchiolo ⁹⁹, B. Maček ⁷⁴, J. Machado Miguens ^{124a},
 D. Macina ³⁰, R. Mackeprang ³⁶, R.J. Madaras ¹⁵, H.J. Maddocks ⁷¹, W.F. Mader ⁴⁴, R. Maenner ^{58c},
 T. Maeno ²⁵, P. Mättig ¹⁷⁵, S. Mättig ⁴², L. Magnoni ¹⁶³, E. Magradze ⁵⁴, K. Mahboubi ⁴⁸, J. Mahlstedt ¹⁰⁵,
 S. Mahmoud ⁷³, G. Mahout ¹⁸, C. Maiani ¹³⁶, C. Maidantchik ^{24a}, A. Maio ^{124a,b}, S. Majewski ²⁵,
 Y. Makida ⁶⁵, N. Makovec ¹¹⁵, P. Mal ¹³⁶, B. Malaescu ³⁰, Pa. Malecki ³⁹, P. Malecki ³⁹, V.P. Maleev ¹²¹,
 F. Malek ⁵⁵, U. Mallik ⁶², D. Malon ⁶, C. Malone ¹⁴³, S. Maltezos ¹⁰, V. Malyshev ¹⁰⁷, S. Malyukov ³⁰,
 R. Mameghani ⁹⁸, J. Mamuzic ^{13b}, A. Manabe ⁶⁵, L. Mandelli ^{89a}, I. Mandić ⁷⁴, R. Mandrysch ¹⁶,
 J. Maneira ^{124a}, A. Manfredini ⁹⁹, L. Manhaes de Andrade Filho ^{24b}, J.A. Manjarres Ramos ¹³⁶, A. Mann ⁵⁴,
 P.M. Manning ¹³⁷, A. Manousakis-Katsikakis ⁹, B. Mansoulie ¹³⁶, A. Mapelli ³⁰, L. Mapelli ³⁰, L. March ¹⁶⁷,
 J.F. Marchand ²⁹, F. Marchese ^{133a,133b}, G. Marchiori ⁷⁸, M. Marcisovsky ¹²⁵, C.P. Marino ¹⁶⁹,
 F. Marroquim ^{24a}, Z. Marshall ³⁰, L.F. Marti ¹⁷, S. Marti-Garcia ¹⁶⁷, B. Martin ³⁰, B. Martin ⁸⁸, J.P. Martin ⁹³,
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 H. Matsunaga ¹⁵⁵, T. Matsushita ⁶⁶, C. Mattravers ^{118,c}, J. Maurer ⁸³, S.J. Maxfield ⁷³, D.A. Maximov ^{107,g},
 A. Mayne ¹³⁹, R. Mazini ¹⁵¹, M. Mazur ²¹, L. Mazzaferro ^{133a,133b}, M. Mazzanti ^{89a}, J. Mc Donald ⁸⁵,
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 J.A. McFayden ¹³⁹, G. Mchedlidze ^{51b}, T. McLaughlan ¹⁸, S.J. McMahon ¹²⁹, R.A. McPherson ^{169,k},
 A. Meade ⁸⁴, J. Mechlich ¹⁰⁵, M. Mechtel ¹⁷⁵, M. Medinnis ⁴², S. Meehan ³¹, R. Meera-Lebbai ¹¹¹,
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 B.R. Mellado Garcia ¹⁷³, F. Meloni ^{89a,89b}, L. Mendoza Navas ¹⁶², Z. Meng ^{151,w}, A. Mengarelli ^{20a,20b},
 S. Menke ⁹⁹, E. Meoni ¹⁶¹, K.M. Mercurio ⁵⁷, P. Mermod ⁴⁹, L. Merola ^{102a,102b}, C. Meroni ^{89a}, F.S. Merritt ³¹,
 H. Merritt ¹⁰⁹, A. Messina ^{30,x}, J. Metcalfe ²⁵, A.S. Mete ¹⁶³, C. Meyer ⁸¹, C. Meyer ³¹, J.-P. Meyer ¹³⁶,
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 G. Mikenberg ¹⁷², M. Mikesikova ¹²⁵, M. Mikuž ⁷⁴, D.W. Miller ³¹, R.J. Miller ⁸⁸, W.J. Mills ¹⁶⁸, C. Mills ⁵⁷,
 A. Milov ¹⁷², D.A. Milstead ^{146a,146b}, D. Milstein ¹⁷², A.A. Minaenko ¹²⁸, M. Miñano Moya ¹⁶⁷,
 I.A. Minashvili ⁶⁴, A.I. Mincer ¹⁰⁸, B. Mindur ³⁸, M. Mineev ⁶⁴, Y. Ming ¹⁷³, L.M. Mir ¹², G. Mirabelli ^{132a},
 J. Mitrevski ¹³⁷, V.A. Mitsou ¹⁶⁷, S. Mitsui ⁶⁵, P.S. Miyagawa ¹³⁹, J.U. Mjörnmark ⁷⁹, T. Moa ^{146a,146b},
 V. Moeller ²⁸, K. Möning ⁴², N. Möser ²¹, S. Mohapatra ¹⁴⁸, W. Mohr ⁴⁸, R. Moles-Valls ¹⁶⁷, A. Molfetas ³⁰,
 J. Monk ⁷⁷, E. Monnier ⁸³, J. Montejo Berlingen ¹², F. Monticelli ⁷⁰, S. Monzani ^{20a,20b}, R.W. Moore ³,
 G.F. Moorhead ⁸⁶, C. Mora Herrera ⁴⁹, A. Moraes ⁵³, N. Morange ¹³⁶, J. Morel ⁵⁴, G. Morello ^{37a,37b},
 D. Moreno ⁸¹, M. Moreno Llácer ¹⁶⁷, P. Morettini ^{50a}, M. Morgenstern ⁴⁴, M. Morii ⁵⁷, A.K. Morley ³⁰,
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 E. Mountricha ^{10,y}, S.V. Mouraviev ^{94,*}, E.J.W. Moyse ⁸⁴, F. Mueller ^{58a}, J. Mueller ¹²³, K. Mueller ²¹,
 T.A. Müller ⁹⁸, T. Mueller ⁸¹, D. Muenstermann ³⁰, Y. Munwes ¹⁵³, W.J. Murray ¹²⁹, I. Mussche ¹⁰⁵,
 E. Musto ¹⁵², A.G. Myagkov ¹²⁸, M. Myska ¹²⁵, O. Nackenhorst ⁵⁴, J. Nadal ¹², K. Nagai ¹⁶⁰, R. Nagai ¹⁵⁷,
 K. Nagano ⁶⁵, A. Nagarkar ¹⁰⁹, Y. Nagasaka ⁵⁹, M. Nagel ⁹⁹, A.M. Nairz ³⁰, Y. Nakahama ³⁰, K. Nakamura ¹⁵⁵,
 T. Nakamura ¹⁵⁵, I. Nakano ¹¹⁰, G. Nanava ²¹, A. Napier ¹⁶¹, R. Narayan ^{58b}, M. Nash ^{77,c}, T. Nattermann ²¹,
 T. Naumann ⁴², G. Navarro ¹⁶², H.A. Neal ⁸⁷, P.Yu. Nechaeva ⁹⁴, T.J. Neep ⁸², A. Negri ^{119a,119b}, G. Negri ³⁰,
 M. Negrini ^{20a}, S. Nektarijevic ⁴⁹, A. Nelson ¹⁶³, T.K. Nelson ¹⁴³, S. Nemecek ¹²⁵, P. Nemethy ¹⁰⁸,
 A.A. Nepomuceno ^{24a}, M. Nessi ^{30,z}, M.S. Neubauer ¹⁶⁵, M. Neumann ¹⁷⁵, A. Neusiedl ⁸¹, R.M. Neves ¹⁰⁸,
 P. Nevski ²⁵, F.M. Newcomer ¹²⁰, P.R. Newman ¹⁸, V. Nguyen Thi Hong ¹³⁶, R.B. Nickerson ¹¹⁸,
 R. Nicolaïdou ¹³⁶, B. Nicquevert ³⁰, F. Niedercorn ¹¹⁵, J. Nielsen ¹³⁷, N. Nikiforou ³⁵, A. Nikiforov ¹⁶,
 V. Nikolaenko ¹²⁸, I. Nikolic-Audit ⁷⁸, K. Nikolics ⁴⁹, K. Nikolopoulos ¹⁸, H. Nilsen ⁴⁸, P. Nilsson ⁸,
 Y. Ninomiya ¹⁵⁵, A. Nisati ^{132a}, R. Nisius ⁹⁹, T. Nobe ¹⁵⁷, L. Nodulman ⁶, M. Nomachi ¹¹⁶, I. Nomidis ¹⁵⁴,
 S. Norberg ¹¹¹, M. Nordberg ³⁰, P.R. Norton ¹²⁹, J. Novakova ¹²⁶, M. Nozaki ⁶⁵, L. Nozka ¹¹³,
 I.M. Nugent ^{159a}, A.-E. Nuncio-Quiroz ²¹, G. Nunes Hanninger ⁸⁶, T. Nunnemann ⁹⁸, E. Nurse ⁷⁷,
 B.J. O'Brien ⁴⁶, D.C. O'Neil ¹⁴², V. O'Shea ⁵³, L.B. Oakes ⁹⁸, F.G. Oakham ^{29,e}, H. Oberlack ⁹⁹, J. Ocariz ⁷⁸,
 A. Ochi ⁶⁶, S. Oda ⁶⁹, S. Odaka ⁶⁵, J. Odier ⁸³, H. Ogren ⁶⁰, A. Oh ⁸², S.H. Oh ⁴⁵, C.C. Ohm ³⁰, T. Ohshima ¹⁰¹,
 W. Okamura ¹¹⁶, H. Okawa ²⁵, Y. Okumura ³¹, T. Okuyama ¹⁵⁵, A. Olariu ^{26a}, A.G. Olchevski ⁶⁴,

- S.A. Olivares Pino ^{32a}, M. Oliveira ^{124a,h}, D. Oliveira Damazio ²⁵, E. Oliver Garcia ¹⁶⁷, D. Olivito ¹²⁰,
 A. Olszewski ³⁹, J. Olszowska ³⁹, A. Onofre ^{124a,aa}, P.U.E. Onyisi ³¹, C.J. Oram ^{159a}, M.J. Oreglia ³¹,
 Y. Oren ¹⁵³, D. Orestano ^{134a,134b}, N. Orlando ^{72a,72b}, I. Orlov ¹⁰⁷, C. Oropeza Barrera ⁵³, R.S. Orr ¹⁵⁸,
 B. Osculati ^{50a,50b}, R. Ospanov ¹²⁰, C. Osuna ¹², G. Otero y Garzon ²⁷, J.P. Ottersbach ¹⁰⁵, M. Ouchrif ^{135d},
 E.A. Ouellette ¹⁶⁹, F. Ould-Saada ¹¹⁷, A. Ouraou ¹³⁶, Q. Ouyang ^{33a}, A. Ovcharova ¹⁵, M. Owen ⁸²,
 S. Owen ¹³⁹, V.E. Ozcan ^{19a}, N. Ozturk ⁸, A. Pacheco Pages ¹², C. Padilla Aranda ¹², S. Pagan Griso ¹⁵,
 E. Paganis ¹³⁹, C. Pahl ⁹⁹, F. Paige ²⁵, P. Pais ⁸⁴, K. Pajchel ¹¹⁷, G. Palacino ^{159b}, C.P. Paleari ⁷, S. Palestini ³⁰,
 D. Pallin ³⁴, A. Palma ^{124a}, J.D. Palmer ¹⁸, Y.B. Pan ¹⁷³, E. Panagiotopoulou ¹⁰, J.G. Panduro Vazquez ⁷⁶,
 P. Pani ¹⁰⁵, N. Panikashvili ⁸⁷, S. Panitkin ²⁵, D. Pantea ^{26a}, A. Papadelis ^{146a}, Th.D. Papadopoulou ¹⁰,
 A. Paramonov ⁶, D. Paredes Hernandez ³⁴, W. Park ^{25,ab}, M.A. Parker ²⁸, F. Parodi ^{50a,50b}, J.A. Parsons ³⁵,
 U. Parzefall ⁴⁸, S. Pashapour ⁵⁴, E. Pasqualucci ^{132a}, S. Passaggio ^{50a}, A. Passeri ^{134a}, F. Pastore ^{134a,134b,*},
 Fr. Pastore ⁷⁶, G. Pásztor ^{49,ac}, S. Pataraia ¹⁷⁵, N. Patel ¹⁵⁰, J.R. Pater ⁸², S. Patricelli ^{102a,102b}, T. Pauly ³⁰,
 M. Pecsy ^{144a}, S. Pedraza Lopez ¹⁶⁷, M.I. Pedraza Morales ¹⁷³, S.V. Peleganchuk ¹⁰⁷, D. Pelikan ¹⁶⁶,
 H. Peng ^{33b}, B. Penning ³¹, A. Penson ³⁵, J. Penwell ⁶⁰, M. Perantoni ^{24a}, K. Perez ^{35,ad},
 T. Perez Cavalcanti ⁴², E. Perez Codina ^{159a}, M.T. Pérez García-Estañ ¹⁶⁷, V. Perez Reale ³⁵, L. Perini ^{89a,89b},
 H. Pernegger ³⁰, R. Perrino ^{72a}, P. Perrodo ⁵, V.D. Peshekhonov ⁶⁴, K. Peters ³⁰, B.A. Petersen ³⁰,
 J. Petersen ³⁰, T.C. Petersen ³⁶, E. Petit ⁵, A. Petridis ¹⁵⁴, C. Petridou ¹⁵⁴, E. Petrolo ^{132a}, F. Petrucci ^{134a,134b},
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 E. Piccaro ⁷⁵, M. Piccinini ^{20a,20b}, S.M. Piec ⁴², R. Piegaia ²⁷, D.T. Pignotti ¹⁰⁹, J.E. Pilcher ³¹,
 A.D. Pilkington ⁸², J. Pina ^{124a,b}, M. Pinamonti ^{164a,164c}, A. Pinder ¹¹⁸, J.L. Pinfold ³, B. Pinto ^{124a},
 C. Pizio ^{89a,89b}, M. Plamondon ¹⁶⁹, M.-A. Pleier ²⁵, E. Plotnikova ⁶⁴, A. Poblaguev ²⁵, S. Poddar ^{58a},
 F. Podlyski ³⁴, L. Poggiali ¹¹⁵, D. Pohl ²¹, M. Pohl ⁴⁹, G. Polesello ^{119a}, A. Policicchio ^{37a,37b}, A. Polini ^{20a},
 J. Poll ⁷⁵, V. Polychronakos ²⁵, D. Pomeroy ²³, K. Pommès ³⁰, L. Pontecorvo ^{132a}, B.G. Pope ⁸⁸,
 G.A. Popeneciu ^{26a}, D.S. Popovic ^{13a}, A. Poppleton ³⁰, X. Portell Bueso ³⁰, G.E. Pospelov ⁹⁹, S. Pospisil ¹²⁷,
 I.N. Potrap ⁹⁹, C.J. Potter ¹⁴⁹, C.T. Potter ¹¹⁴, G. Poulard ³⁰, J. Poveda ⁶⁰, V. Pozdnyakov ⁶⁴, R. Prabhu ⁷⁷,
 P. Pralavorio ⁸³, A. Pranko ¹⁵, S. Prasad ³⁰, R. Pravahan ²⁵, S. Prell ⁶³, K. Pretzl ¹⁷, D. Price ⁶⁰, J. Price ⁷³,
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 J. Proudfoot ⁶, X. Prudent ⁴⁴, M. Przybycien ³⁸, H. Przysiezniak ⁵, S. Psoroulas ²¹, E. Ptacek ¹¹⁴,
 E. Pueschel ⁸⁴, J. Purdham ⁸⁷, M. Purohit ^{25,ab}, P. Puzo ¹¹⁵, Y. Pylypchenko ⁶², J. Qian ⁸⁷, A. Quadt ⁵⁴,
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 F. Ragusa ^{89a,89b}, G. Rahal ¹⁷⁸, A.M. Rahimi ¹⁰⁹, D. Rahm ²⁵, S. Rajagopalan ²⁵, M. Rammensee ⁴⁸,
 M. Rammes ¹⁴¹, A.S. Randle-Conde ⁴⁰, K. Randrianarivony ²⁹, F. Rauscher ⁹⁸, T.C. Rave ⁴⁸, M. Raymond ³⁰,
 A.L. Read ¹¹⁷, D.M. Rebuzzi ^{119a,119b}, A. Redelbach ¹⁷⁴, G. Redlinger ²⁵, R. Reece ¹²⁰, K. Reeves ⁴¹,
 A. Reinsch ¹¹⁴, I. Reisinger ⁴³, C. Rembser ³⁰, Z.L. Ren ¹⁵¹, A. Renaud ¹¹⁵, M. Rescigno ^{132a}, S. Resconi ^{89a},
 B. Resende ¹³⁶, P. Reznicek ⁹⁸, R. Rezvani ¹⁵⁸, R. Richter ⁹⁹, E. Richter-Was ^{5,ae}, M. Ridel ⁷⁸, M. Rijpstra ¹⁰⁵,
 M. Rijssenbeek ¹⁴⁸, A. Rimoldi ^{119a,119b}, L. Rinaldi ^{20a}, R.R. Rios ⁴⁰, I. Riu ¹², G. Rivoltella ^{89a,89b},
 F. Rizatdinova ¹¹², E. Rizvi ⁷⁵, S.H. Robertson ^{85,k}, A. Robichaud-Veronneau ¹¹⁸, D. Robinson ²⁸,
 J.E.M. Robinson ⁸², A. Robson ⁵³, J.G. Rocha de Lima ¹⁰⁶, C. Roda ^{122a,122b}, D. Roda Dos Santos ³⁰, A. Roe ⁵⁴,
 S. Roe ³⁰, O. Røhne ¹¹⁷, S. Rolli ¹⁶¹, A. Romaniouk ⁹⁶, M. Romano ^{20a,20b}, G. Romeo ²⁷, E. Romero Adam ¹⁶⁷,
 N. Rompotis ¹³⁸, L. Roos ⁷⁸, E. Ros ¹⁶⁷, S. Rosati ^{132a}, K. Rosbach ⁴⁹, A. Rose ¹⁴⁹, M. Rose ⁷⁶,
 G.A. Rosenbaum ¹⁵⁸, E.I. Rosenberg ⁶³, P.L. Rosendahl ¹⁴, O. Rosenthal ¹⁴¹, L. Rosselet ⁴⁹, V. Rossetti ¹²,
 E. Rossi ^{132a,132b}, L.P. Rossi ^{50a}, M. Rotaru ^{26a}, I. Roth ¹⁷², J. Rothberg ¹³⁸, D. Rousseau ¹¹⁵, C.R. Royon ¹³⁶,
 A. Rozanov ⁸³, Y. Rozen ¹⁵², X. Ruan ^{33a,af}, F. Rubbo ¹², I. Rubinskiy ⁴², N. Ruckstuhl ¹⁰⁵, V.I. Rud ⁹⁷,
 C. Rudolph ⁴⁴, G. Rudolph ⁶¹, F. Rühr ⁷, A. Ruiz-Martinez ⁶³, L. Rumyantsev ⁶⁴, Z. Rurikova ⁴⁸,
 N.A. Rusakovich ⁶⁴, A. Ruschke ⁹⁸, J.P. Rutherford ⁷, P. Ruzicka ¹²⁵, Y.F. Ryabov ¹²¹, M. Rybar ¹²⁶,
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 F. Safai Tehrani ^{132a}, H. Sakamoto ¹⁵⁵, G. Salamanna ⁷⁵, A. Salamon ^{133a}, M. Saleem ¹¹¹, D. Salek ³⁰,
 D. Salihagic ⁹⁹, A. Salnikov ¹⁴³, J. Salt ¹⁶⁷, B.M. Salvachua Ferrando ⁶, D. Salvatore ^{37a,37b}, F. Salvatore ¹⁴⁹,
 A. Salvucci ¹⁰⁴, A. Salzburger ³⁰, D. Sampsonidis ¹⁵⁴, B.H. Samset ¹¹⁷, A. Sanchez ^{102a,102b},
 V. Sanchez Martinez ¹⁶⁷, H. Sandaker ¹⁴, H.G. Sander ⁸¹, M.P. Sanders ⁹⁸, M. Sandhoff ¹⁷⁵, T. Sandoval ²⁸,
 C. Sandoval ¹⁶², R. Sandstroem ⁹⁹, D.P.C. Sankey ¹²⁹, A. Sansoni ⁴⁷, C. Santamarina Rios ⁸⁵, C. Santoni ³⁴,
 R. Santonico ^{133a,133b}, H. Santos ^{124a}, I. Santoyo Castillo ¹⁴⁹, J.G. Saraiva ^{124a}, T. Sarangi ¹⁷³,

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