

Quantitative scanning thermal microscopy studies of the influence of interfaces and heat transport anisotropy in 2D materials

S. Gonzalez-Munoz¹, K. Agarwal¹, A. Maiti^{2,3}, and O. V. Kolosov¹

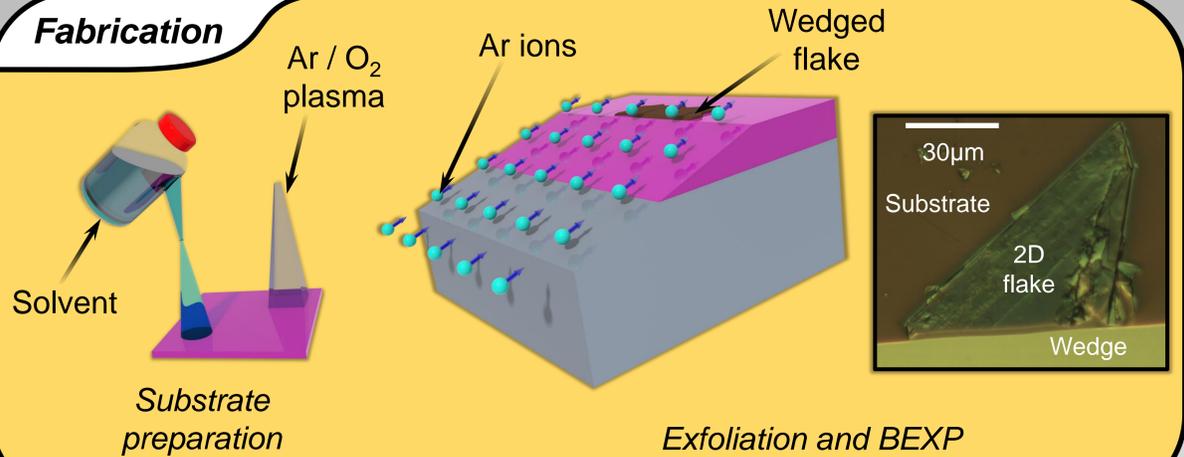
¹Lancaster University, ²Indian Association for the Cultivation of Science, ³Université Paris-Saclay

Introduction

- ? Intrinsic *anisotropy* in bi-dimensional materials.¹
- ? *Interface* / substrate role in the heat transport.²
- ? True *nanoscale resolution* of thermal properties depending on thickness.³

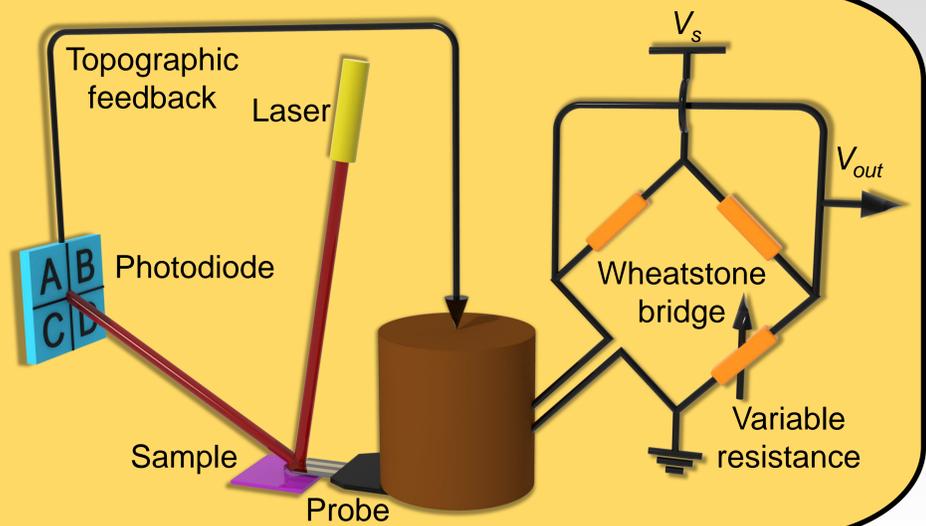
- Thermal transport in anisotropic graphene, γ -InSe, and perovskite.
- Interface effects on Si and SiO₂ substrates.
- Quantification of anisotropic thermal conductivities and interfacial thermal resistivity.

Fabrication

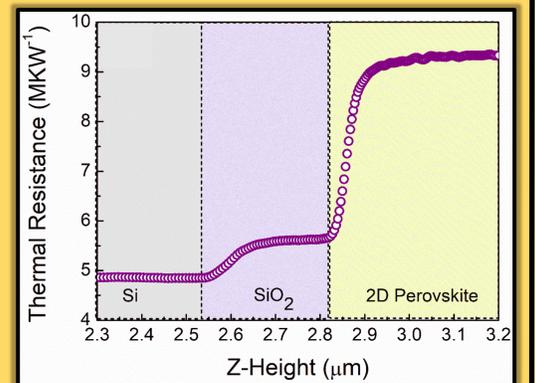
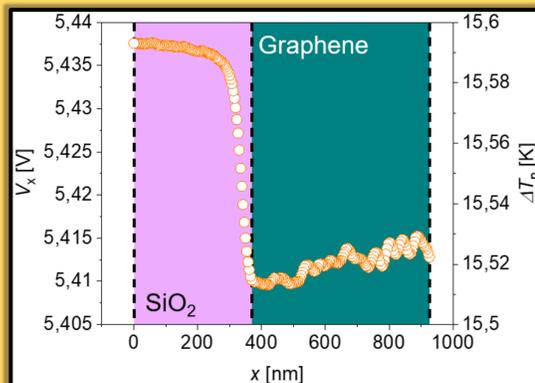
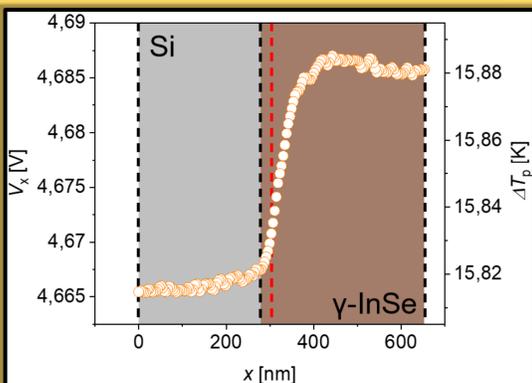
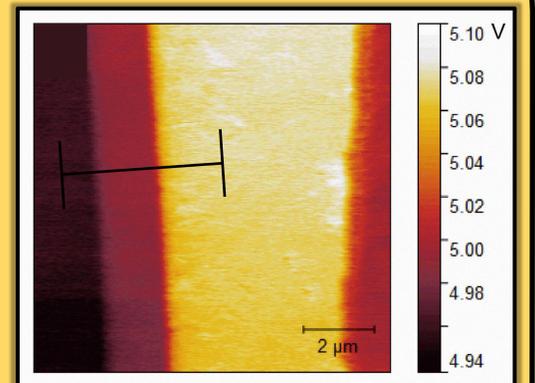
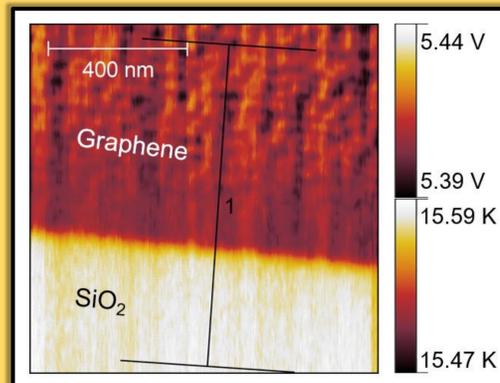
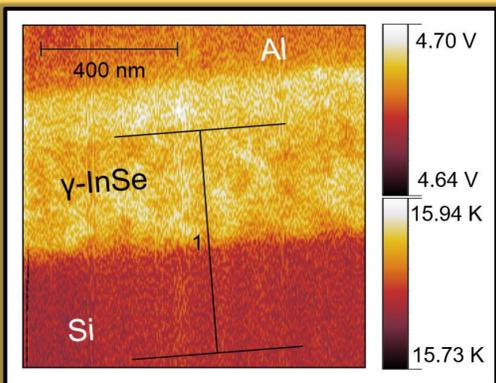


Characterization

- HV-SThM (see right scheme) performed under high vacuum conditions and room temperature.
- SThM's probe incorporates a resistive heater receiving constant power via a DC-AC Wheatstone bridge.
- $V_{out} \propto T_{probe} \rightarrow T_{probe}$ changes due to variations of the probe-sample heat flow.
- By moving the probe across the sample surface, a quantitative map of the sample heat transport is obtained.⁴



Results



Materials	a [nm]	r_{int} [Km ² W ⁻¹]	C_e	k_{xy} [Wm ⁻¹ K ⁻¹]	k_z [Wm ⁻¹ K ⁻¹]
γ -InSe/Si	22.92	9.60×10^{-11}	8.29	2.16	0.89
Perovskite /SiO ₂	55	100×10^{-11}	5.15	0.45	0.13

- ✓ r_{int} affects heat transport up to a limit, then it becomes negligible.
- ✓ Record-low anisotropic k for novel TE devices.
- ✓ True nanoscale resolution of heat transport features.

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References

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3. Spièce, J. et al. *Nanoscale* **13** (2021).
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