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Cache as a Service: **Leveraging SDN to Efficiently and Transparently Support Video-on-Demand on the Last Mile**

Motivation		OpenCache is	
 Globally, Internet video traffic was 57% of all consumer Internet traffic in 2012 and will be 69% in 2017^[1] Mobile video traffic exceeded 50% for the first time in 2012^[2] 	90,000 90,000	Transparent• Cache delivery undetectable to client• No need for new client h/w or s/w• Retains underlying delivery mechanism• Works with existing caches and CDNs	 Extensible (API) Exposes an interface for third parties Enables part or all of the caches to be provisioned at will by cache owner Simple integration of new instances
 High-Definition VoD surpassed Standard-Definition VoD in 2011. By 2016, 79% of Internet VoD will be HD ^[1] Trend to improve video quality even 	2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 Global consumer Internet traffic in Petabytes/month ^[2] 4320 8K UHD 2160 4K SHD	 Adaptive Uses real-time metrics from OpenFlow switching hardware Supplemented with live cache hit and miss metrics 	 Efficient Reduces the repeated delivery of identical content; satisfy requests locally Reduces inter-domain traffic and cost Retains unified point of control

- **more** as we move to Ultra-HD (4K-8K) and 3DTV that support 4 times higher resolution than HD



[1] Cisco VNI Global Forecast (2012) / [2] Cisco VNI Mobile Forecast (2013)

Observations

- Video streaming is fast becoming an essential part of consumers' lives
- The network has now to transfer an **enormous amount of video traffic** (~45.000 Petabytes per month in 2016); big strain on the network
- We need a solution that :
 - **Ensures high-throughput end-to-end** (especially with HD)
 - Minimizes distance between source video content server and user so that data

Evaluation on OFELIA

- **OFELIA** is an OpenFlow pan-European experimentation testbed
- **Topology** : Deployed OpenCache on three OFELIA islands distributed geographically
 - Switzerland : ETH Zurich
 - Italy : Create-NET
- Spain : i2CAT
- **Tests** : Over 120 inter-island (federated) VoD experiments using an adaptive video



- Evaluation Criteria :
 - **Startup delay** (QoE metric)
 - External link **network utilization**

transfer occurs quickly & reliably to the user -> increased Quality of Experience (QoE)

Challenges with Video-on-Demand

- Currently VoD requests are handled naively; there is an independent flow per request
- These flows are **duplicated** minutes, hours or days later (by same or different user)
- We observe identical delivery of media objects through the same network segments
- Consequently, the end-to-end capacity of network infrastructure must grow continuously to match the increasing number of Internet video users
- The increasing popularity of VoD and especially of HD content worsens this

OpenCache Architecture

OpenCache is an **OpenFlow-assisted in-network caching service** that provides efficient, transparent and highly configurable caching and distribution of VoD in the last mile

Video on **Demand Server** [1...n]

streaming technology (MPEG-DASH)

• Video quality (bitrate) requested (QoE metric)

Key Results

- Reduced startup delay up to 35% -> increased QoE for end-user
- External link utilisation reduced to virtually zero (only background traffic remained)





• Increased video quality; requested bitrate 8 times higher -> increased QoE for end-user



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