

OctApps: a library of Octave functions for continuous gravitational-wave data analysis

Karl Wette^{1, 2, 3}, Reinhard Prix^{2, 3}, David Keitel^{4, 2, 3}, Matthew Pitkin⁴, Christoph Dreissigacker^{2, 3}, John T. Whelan^{5, 6}, and Paola Leaci^{7, 8, 6}

1 ARC Centre of Excellence for Gravitational Wave Discovery (OzGrav) and Centre for Gravitational Physics, Research School of Physics and Engineering, The Australian National University, ACT 0200, Australia 2 Max-Planck-Institut für Gravitationsphysik (Albert-Einstein-Institut), D-30167 Hannover, Germany 3 Leibniz Universität Hannover, D-30167 Hannover, Germany 4 Institute for Gravitational Research, SUPA, University of Glasgow, Glasgow G12 8QQ, U.K. 5 School of Mathematical Sciences and Center for Computational Relativity & Gravitation, Rochester Institute of Technology, Rochester, NY 14623, U.S.A. 6 Max-Planck-Institut für Gravitationsphysik (Albert-Einstein-Institut), D-14476 Golm, Germany 7 Università di Roma 'La Sapienza', I-00185 Roma, Italy 8 INFN, Sezione di Roma, I-00185 Roma, Italy

DOI: 10.21105/joss.00707

Software

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Submitted: 10 April 2018 Published: 06 June 2018

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Summary

Gravitational waves are minute ripples in spacetime, first predicted by Einstein's general theory of relativity in 1916. Their existence has now been confirmed by the recent success-ful detections of gravitational waves from the collision and merger of binary black holes (Abbott, 2016) and binary neutron stars (Abbott, 2017) in data from the LIGO and Virgo gravitational-wave detectors. Gravitational waves from rapidly-rotating neutron stars, whose shape deviates from perfect axisymmetry, are another potential astrophysical source of gravitational waves, but which so far have not been detected. The search for this type of signals, also known as continuous waves, presents a significant data analysis challenge, as their weak signatures are expected to be buried deep within the instrumental noise of the LIGO and Virgo detectors. For reviews of continuous-wave sources, data analysis techniques, and recent searches of LIGO and Virgo data, see for example Prix (2009) and Riles (2017).

The *OctApps* library provides various functions, written in Octave (Eaton, Bateman, Hauberg, & Wehbring, 2015), intended to aid research scientists who perform searches for continuous gravitational waves. They are organized into the following directories:

- **src/cw-data-analysis**: general-purpose functions for continuous-wave data analysis.
- src/cw-line-veto: functions which implement detection statistics which are robust to instrumental disturbances in the detector data, as described in (Keitel, Prix, Papa, Leaci, & Siddiqi, 2014).
- src/cw-metric-template-banks: functions which determine the number of filtering operations required to search for continuous waves over various astrophysical parameter spaces, described further in (Wette & Prix, 2013) and (Leaci & Prix, 2015).
- src/cw-optimal-search-setup: functions which determine the optimally-sensitive search for continuous gravitational waves, given a fixed computing budget, following the method of (Prix & Shaltev, 2012).
- src/cw-sensitivity: functions which predict the sensitivity of a search for continuous waves, following the method of (Wette, 2012).
- src/cw-weave-models: functions which characterize the behaviour of Weave, an



implementation of an optimized search pipeline for continuous waves (Wette, Walsh, Prix, & Papa, 2018).

Many of these scripts make use of C functions from the LSCAlgorithmLibrarySuite(LALSuite), using SWIG to provide the C-to-Octave interface.

In addition, *OctApps* provides various general-purpose functions, which may be of broader interest to users of Octave, organized into the following directories:

- src/array-handling: manipulation of Octave arrays and cell arrays.
- src/command-line: includes parseOptions(), a powerful parser for Octave function argument lists in the form of key-value pairs. Together with octapps_run, a Unix shell script, it allows Octave functions to also be called directly from the Unix command line using a --key=value argument syntax.
- src/condor-jobs: submission of jobs to a computer cluster using the HTCondor job submission system. It includes depends(), a low-level function written using Octave's C++ API which, given the name of an Octave function, returns the names of all Octave functions called by the named function; it is used to deploy a self-contained tarball of Octave .m files to a remote node on a computer cluster.
- **src/convert-units**: functions which convert between different angular units, and between different time standards.
- src/file-handling: parsing of various file formats, such as FITS and .ini.
- src/general: miscellaneous general-purpose functions.
- src/geometry: mathematical operations associated with geometric objects, e.g. computing the intersection of two lines.
- src/histograms: includes @Hist, an Octave class representing a histogram, with various method functions which perform common statistical operations, e.g. computing the cumulative distribution function.
- **src/lattices**: mathematical operations associated with lattice theory, e.g. computing the nearest point in a lattice to a given point in space.
- src/mathematical: miscellaneous general mathematical functions, including some C functions incorporated from the GNU Scientific Library (Galassi, 2009), using SWIG to provide the C-to-Octave interface.
- src/plotting: helper functions for plot creation and output in TeX format.
- **src/statistics**: miscellaneous statistical functions, particularly for probability distributions.
- src/text-handling: various functions for creating formatted text output.
- **src/version-handling**: handling of version information, particularly from the Git version control system.

Development of *OctApps* is hosted on GitHub; a test suite of all functions in *OctApps* is regularly integrated on Travis CI. The README file provides instructions for building, testing, and contributing to *OctApps*, as well as a full list of prerequisite software required by *OctApps*. A reference manual for *OctApps* in HTML format is available; documentation of each *OctApps* function can also be accessed through the help function in Octave.

Acknowledgements

We acknowledge that *OctApps* includes contributions from Zdravko Botev, Ronaldas Macas, John McNabb, and Daniel de Torre Herrera. We thank Steven R. Brandt for reviewing this paper and providing the Dockerfile for building and testing *OctApps*. This work was supported by the Max Planck Society, by German Research Foundation (DFG) grant SFB/TR 7, and by the German Aerospace Center (DLR). KW is supported by Australian Research Council (ARC) grant CE170100004. DK was funded by EU H2020-MSCA-IF-2015 grant 704094 GRANITE. MP is funded by the UK Science & Technology Facilities Council (STFC) under grant ST/N005422/1. This paper has document number



LIGO-P1800078-v4.

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